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1982 Census of Retail Trade

RC82-C-37

Major Retail Centers

in Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

Oklahoma



The publications
from the 1982 Economic and
Agriculture Censuses are dedicated
to the memory of Shirley Kallek,
Associate Director for Economic Fields.
During her career at the Bureau of the
Census (1955 to 1983), she continually
directed efforts to improve
the timeliness and accuracy of
economic statistics.

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Issued March 1985



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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS—Many persons participated in the various activities of the 1982 Census of Retail Trade. Primary direction of the program was performed by Shirley Kallek, Associate Director for Economic Fields (until May 1983), Charles A. Waite, her successor, and Michael G. Farrell, Assistant Director for Economic and Agriculture Censuses (until August 1984), and John H. Berry, his successor.

suses (until August 1984), and John H. Berry, his successor.
This report was prepared in the Business Division under the general direction of Gerald F. Cranford, Chief (until December 1983), and Howard N. Hamilton, his successor. Bobby E. Russell, Assistant Division Chief for Census Programs, was responsible for overall planning and management of the census of retail trade; he also coordinated

activities with other divisions.

Planning and implementing this report were under the direction of Mark E. Wallace, Chief, Retail Census Branch, with primary staff assistance by Edward D. Walker, Anne M. Sigda, Jack R. Drago, M. Yvonne Wade, Janis D. Byrd, and Richard W. Graham. Alvin H. Barten, Chief, Cross Industries Branch, coordinated activities, specifications, and procedures with the other economic censuses. Computer programs were developed under the general supervision of Howard R. Dennis, Assistant Division Chief for Data Processing. William C. Wester, Chief, Census Programming Branch, assisted by Steven G. McCraith, Judith A. McKay, William E. Jagg, and Robert J. Hemmig, was primarily responsible for planning and implementing the programs. The computer programs were developed by Leonard S. Sammarco, William A. Rankin, Dennis P. Kelly, Jane M. Jaworski, Ann Chen Liau, Janice S. Farquhar, Donald K. Salzman, and Christina Arledge. Emory G. Fuller and Pearl E. Young were responsible for scheduling and control of computer processing. Quality control and sample design were under the direction of Nash J. Monsour, Assistant Division Chief for Research and Methodology, with primary staff assistance by Joseph K. Garrett, Carl A. Konschnik, and Mlchael Z. Shimberg. Dorothy J. Reynolds, Assistant Division Chief for Current Programs, provided valuable assistance in coordinating the current survey interface.

Systems and procedures for mailout, receipt, correspondence, data input, industry classification, other clerical processing, administrative record processing, and quality control, along with the associated electronic computer programs, were developed in the Economic Surveys Divi-

sion, W. Joel Richardson, Chief.

Planning, design, review, and composition of report forms were performed in the Administrative Services Division, Robert L. Kirkland, Chief. Publication planning, design, editorial review, composition, and printing procurement were performed in the Publications Services Division, Raymond J. Koski, Chief.

Geographic coding procedures and associated computer programs were developed in the Geography Division, Robert W. Marx, Chief.

Mailout preparation and receipt operations, clerical and analytical review activities, data keying, and geocoding review were performed in the Data Preparation Division, Don L. Adams, Chief.

Computer processing was performed in the Computer Services Divi-

Computer processing was performed in the Computer Services Division, C. Thomas DiNenna, Chief (until February 1984), and John E. Halterman, his successor.

Photocomposition programs for the statistical tables were developed in the Systems Support Division, Larry J. Patin, Chief (until October 1983), and Arnold E. Levin, his successor.

The overall planning and review of the census operations were performed by the staff of the office of the Assistant Director for Economic and Agriculture Censuses.

Special acknowledgment is also due the many businesses whose cooperation has contributed to the publication of these data.

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data

Census of retail trade (1982) 1982 census of retail trade.

Contents: [1] Geographic area series—[2] Industry series—[3] Major retail centers in standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Supt. of Docs. no.: C 3.255/2-2: RC82-C-1. Retail trade – United States – Statistics – Collected works. 1. United States. Bureau of the Census. HF5429.3.C4 1983 381'.1'0973 83-600162

For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

INTRODUCTION

ECONOMIC CENSUSES OVER TIME

The early beginnings of America's industrial output were first measured in the United States in the 1810 Decennial Census and again in 1820, when questions on manufacturing were included with those for population. Beginning with the 1840 Decennial Census, there were enumerations of manufactures and mineral industries at 10-year intervals up to and including the year 1900 for manufactures and 1940 for mineral industries. The latter census was again taken for 1954, 1958, 1963, and 1967.

Because of the increasing dominance of manufacturing in the early 20th century, Congress directed that quinquennial censuses of manufactures be taken beginning in 1905. However, from 1919 through 1939, these censuses were conducted every 2 years. The need for war-related current surveys in the early 1940's postponed the next census of manufactures until 1948 (for 1947). That census was again taken for 1954, 1958, 1963, and 1967.

Retail and wholesale trade data were first collected in 1930. and in 1933 information on selected service industries was added to the data-collection operation. These business censuses, as they were called, were again taken for 1935, 1939 (as part of the 1940 decennial program), 1948, 1954, 1958, 1963, and 1967.

Information on construction industries was first obtained in 1930 and again for 1935 and 1939. Data for the full spectrum of construction industries were not gathered again until 1968 (for 1967).

The need for transportation data to supplement information available from existing governmental or private sources was recognized by Congress in the late 1950's and early 1960's The census of transportation (consisting of several surveys) was first taken for 1963 and again for 1967.

Since 1967, all of the above censuses have been taken quinquennially as part of the Census Bureau's economic census program. (For the 1977 censuses, the coverage of the service industries was broadened from "selected services" to all services, except religious organizations and private households. A total of 41 additional four-digit standard industrial classifications1 (SIC's) in 7 SIC major groups was added to the scope of the census. While most of the industries included for the first time for 1977 were covered again for 1982, some were not, i.e., hospitals; elementary and secondary schools; colleges, universities, and professional schools; junior colleges and technical institutes; labor unions and similar labor organizations; and political organizations.)

The first manufacturing census for an outlying area was conducted in Puerto Rico for the year 1909. Thereafter, with the exception of 1929, a census was taken at 10-year intervals through 1949. The first censuses of retail trade, wholesale trade. and selected service industries in Puerto Rico were conducted for 1939. These censuses also were taken for the years 1949, 1954, 1958, 1963, and 1967. A census of construction industries was first introduced in Puerto Rico for 1967. These censuses of Puerto Rico have been taken since then for the years 1972, 1977, and 1982.

Censuses of manufactures, retail trade, wholesale trade, and selected service industries were conducted in Guam and the Virgin Islands of the United States for 1958, 1963, 1967, 1972, 1977, and 1982. Censuses of mineral industries were taken in the Virgin Islands of the United States for the years 1958, 1963, and 1967 but not since that time. A census of construction industries was also undertaken in these areas for 1972, 1977, and 1982.

Retail trade, wholesale trade, selected service industries, manufacturing, and construction industries were canvassed for the first time in the Northern Mariana Islands in 1983 (for 1982).

For 1982, the economic censuses and agriculture censuses were conducted concurrently.

USES OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUSES

The economic censuses are the major source for facts about the structure and functioning of the Nation's economy and provide essential information for government, business, industry, and the general public. They provide an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the gross national product, input-output measures, indexes of industrial production, and indexes measuring productivity and price levels. Information from the censuses is used to establish sampling frames and as benchmarks for current surveys of business activity, which are essential for measuring short-term economic conditions.

State and local governments use census data to assess business activities within their jurisdictions. The private sector uses the data to forecast general economic conditions; analyze sales performance; lay out sales territories; allocate funds for advertising; decide on locations for new plants, warehouses, or stores; and measure potential markets in terms of size, geographic areas, kinds of business, and kinds of products made or sold.

Following every census, thousands of businesses and other users purchase reports. Likewise, census facts are widely disseminated by trade associations, business journals, and newspapers. Volumes containing census statistics are available in most major public and college libraries. All 1982 data are available on microfiche from the U.S. Government Printing Office and most data on computer tape from the Census Bureau. Finally, the more than 50 State Data Centers also are suppliers of economic census statistics.

Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1972. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Stock No. 041-001-00066-6. 1977 Supplement. Stock No. 003-005-00176-0.

AUTHORITY AND SCOPE OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUSES

The economic censuses are required by law under title 13 of the United States Code, sections 131, 191, and 224, which directs that they be taken at 5-year intervals for the years ending in 2 and 7. The 1982 Economic Censuses covered manufacturing, mining, construction industries, retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, and selected transportation activities. Special programs also cover minority-owned and women-owned businesses. The next economic censuses are scheduled to be taken in 1988 for the year 1987.

CENSUS OF RETAIL TRADE

The 1982 Census of Retail Trade, part of the 1982 Economic Censuses, covered retail trade as defined in the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual.1 It included all establishments primarily engaged in selling merchandise for personal or household consumption and rendering services incidental to the sale of the goods. The census excluded governmental organizations classified in the covered industries except for liquor stores operated by State and local governments. Data for direct sellers (SIC 5963) with no paid employees and post exchanges, ship stores, and similar establishments operated on military posts by agencies of the Federal Government are not included. The basic tabulations in this report do not include data for establishments which are auxiliary (primary function is providing a service, such as warehouses) to retail establishments within the same organization. Data for auxiliaries are presented for selected industrial classifications in tables included in the United States Summary report of the Geographic Area series, RC82-A-52. Data for auxiliaries are presented for more detailed industry breakdowns in a subsequent report issued as part of the 1982 Enterprise Statistics reports.

For the 1982 Census of Retail Trade, large- and medium-size firms, plus all firms known to operate more than one establishment, were sent questionnaires to be completed and returned to the Bureau by mail. For most very small firms, including those with no paid employees, data from existing administrative records of other Federal agencies were used instead. These records provided basic information on location, kind of business, sales, payroll, number of employees, and legal form of organization. In addition, more detailed information for selected kinds of business was obtained on the various questionnaires.

Appendix A gives a more detailed explanation of census coverage and methodology.

MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS

This report represents a recompilation of data collected in the 1982 Census of Retail Trade into the two types of areas which have been delineated for the report: (1) central business districts (CBD's); and (2) major retail centers (MRC's). The report covers each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) in the State and presents statistics for these concentrations of retail stores located in each SMSA.

Central Business District

A central business district, as defined by the Bureau, is the defined downtown retail area of an SMSA central city, or other SMSA city of 50,000 persons or more. A CBD is an area of very high land valuation; high concentration of retail businesses, offices, theaters, hotels, and "service" businesses; and high traffic flow. It is defined by existing census tract boundaries and consists of one or more whole census tracts, except for a few CBD's with census tracts which include areas outside the corporate limits of the city. In these cases, the CBD consists of only those portions of the census tracts within the corporate limits of the city. Census tracts are small, relatively permanent areas into which large cities and adjacent areas have been divided to show comparable small-area statistics. Data for CBD's are published only in reports of the census of retail trade.

Major Retail Center

A major retail center is a concentration of at least 25 retail stores² located inside an SMSA but outside a CBD. At least one of the 25 stores must be a general merchandise store (SIC 53) with a minimum of 100,000 square feet of total under-roof floor space.3 MRC's include planned suburban shopping centers as well as unplanned centers such as older "string streets" (continuous businesses along a thoroughfare with few cross streets containing any businesses) and combinations of planned and unplanned centers. Where the MRC is a planned center, the boundaries encompass all retail stores in the center. Where the MRC is an unplanned center, each block within the boundaries should have at least one general merchandise store (SIC 53); apparel store (SIC 56); furniture, home furnishings and equipment store (SIC 57); or miscellaneous shopping goods store (SIC 594). MRC's are defined in SMSA's existing as of January 1, 1982. Data for MRC's are published only in reports of the census of retail trade.

Delineation

The delineation of central business districts and major retail centers was determined in consultation with local census statistical areas committees (CSAC's). A few CSAC's chose not to participate in the CBD delineation program so some eligible cities do not have CBD's. In areas where CSAC's did not participate in the MRC delineation program, the Bureau asked other local organizations to delineate MRC's and list stores in the delineated areas, following Bureau guidelines. Due to funding limitations, Bureau employees could not delineate MRC's in areas for which outside participation could not be obtained. Accordingly, no MRC statistics are presented in this report for a few areas which may have had qualifying MRC's.

Approximately 95 percent of all areas which may have had MRC's were delineated by CSAC's or by other local organizations. Appendix J identifies which areas were delineated by CSAC's; which areas were delineated by other interested organizations; and which areas were not delineated, either because there were no MRC's or because MRC delineation participation could not be obtained for the area.

^{&#}x27;Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1972. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Stock No. 041-001-00066-6. 1977 Supplement. Stock No. 003-005-00176-0.

²An MRC which had 25 stores or more at time enumeration was done may have had less than 25 stores at end of 1982. Thus, data may be shown for a few MRC's which have less than 25 stores.

³Minimum square footage criterion was waived in a few special cases at request of local CSAC.

Historical Data

The report on major retail centers was begun as a part of the 1954 Census of Business, which provided data for 95 CBD's. In the 1958 Census of Business, data were published for 109 CBD's and, for the first time, for 472 MRC's located in 97 SMSA's. The 1963 Census of Business included data for 131 CBD's and 972 MRC's located in 116 SMSA's. In the 1967 Census of Business, the program was expanded to cover all 230 SMSA's, containing 134 CBD's and 1,556 MRC's. The 1972 Census of Retail Trade covered 259 SMSA's, containing 144 CBD's and 2,137 MRC's.

For the first time, in the 1977 Census of Retail Trade, CBD's and MRC's were delineated by using the definition described above. These new definitions caused a slight modification in the scope of the 1977 program, which covered 272 SMSA's containing 386 CBD's and 1,464 MRC's.

There was no change in the scope of the program in the 1982 Census of Retail Trade. The number of SMSA's covered increased to 315, and included 456 CBD's and approximately 1,550 MRC's.

CENSUS DISCLOSURE RULES

In accordance with Federal law governing census reports, no data are published that would disclose the operations of an individual establishment or business. However, the number of establishments in a kind-of-business classification is not considered a disclosure so this item may be released even though other information is withheld.

For every CBD and MRC, statistics on sales, payroll, and number of employees are presented for all kind-of-business lines which do not require suppression to avoid disclosing data for individual companies. However, since most MRC's and several CBD's tend to have a relatively small number of establishments, it generally is not possible to provide separate kind-of-business data (except for establishment counts) for these small areas without disclosing the operations of individual establishments. For this reason, additional sales data are shown for the following kind-of-business groups:

- 1. Convenience goods stores, i.e., food stores (SIC 54), eating and drinking places (SIC 58), and drug and proprietary stores (SIC 591).
- 2. Shopping goods (GAF) stores, i.e., general merchandise stores (SIC 53), apparel and accessory stores (SIC 56), furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores (SIC 57), and miscellaneous shopping goods stores (SIC 594).
- 3. All other stores (SIC's 52, 55, and 59, except 591 and 594).

GEOGRAPHIC AREAS COVERED

This series of reports presents data for establishments located in CBD's and MRC's in SMSA's in each State. The SMSA's included in the 1982 MRC program are those defined by the Office of Management and Budget as of January 1,1982, except for three areas which did not have any MRC's or CBD's for 1982: Glens Falls, N.Y.; Jacksonville, N.C.; and Santa Cruz, Calif.

MRC statistics are presented for all areas within SMSA's for which a local group delineated qualifying MRC's. For any MRC's which existed in 1977 and which still qualified but were not delineated for the 1982 program, unpublished 1982 MRC statistics are available. These statistics may be obtained by submitting a written request to the Chief, Business Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

CBD statistics are presented for all eligible cities for which the local CSAC defined the area known as the "central business district."

For all SMSA's in the State for which MRC and/or CBD data are presented, data are also shown for each SMSA, each central city, and all other SMSA cities of 50,000 inhabitants or more for which a CBD was defined by a local CSAC. Data for SMSA's which cross State lines appear only in the State report for the State in which the SMSA is primarily located.

DESCRIPTIONS OF SPECIFIC CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICTS AND MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS

The boundaries of each central business district and major retail center are described in appendix I. Boundaries begin with the north boundary and continue clockwise through all the boundaries.

DOLLAR VALUES

All dollar values presented in this report are expressed in current dollars, i.e., 1982 data are expressed in 1982 dollars and 1977 data in 1977 dollars. Consequently, when making comparisons to prior years, users should consider the inflation that has occurred.

RELIABILITY OF DATA

All data compiled in this report originated from either census questionnaires or administrative records of other Federal agencies and, therefore, are not subject to sampling errors. However, the data are subject to nonsampling errors. Nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources: inability to identify all cases in the actual universe; definition and classification difficulties; differences in the interpretation of questions; errors in recording or coding the data obtained; and other errors of collection, response, coverage, and estimation for missing or misreported data.

The accuracy of these tabulated data is determined by the joint effects of the various nonsampling errors. No direct measurement of these effects has been obtained except for estimation of missing or misreported data. However, precautionary steps were taken in all phases of the collection, processing, and tabulation of the data in an effort to minimize the effects of nonsampling errors.

The Bureau of the Census obtains on computer tape limited information extracted from administrative records of other Federal agencies. This information is used in conjunction with other information available to the Census Bureau to develop estimates for nonemployers, small employers, and other establishments for which responses were not received in time for publication. See appendix A for a more complete explanation of census coverage and methodology.

MICROFICHE

The data in this report series are also available on microfiche. Microfiche reports are sold by the U.S. Government Printing Office.

SPECIAL TABULATIONS

Special tabulations of data collected in the 1982 Census of Retail Trade may be obtained, depending on availability of time and personnel, on computer tape or in tabular form. The data will be in summary form and subject to the same rules prohibiting disclosure of confidential information (including name, address, kind of business, or other data for individual business establishments or companies) as are the regular publications.

Special tabulations are prepared on a cost basis. A request for a cost estimate, as well as exact specifications on the type and format of the data to be provided, should be directed to the Chief, Business Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

To discuss a special tabulation before submitting specifications, call 301-763-5282.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

The following abbreviations and symbols are used in this publication:

- Represents zero.
- (D) Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies; data are included in broader kind-of-business totals.
- (IC) Independent city.(NA) Not available.(NC) Not comparable.
- (S) Withheld because estimates did not meet publication standards on basis of either response rate, associated standard error, or a consistency review.
- CBD Central Business District.

 MRC Major Retail Center.

 n.e.c. Not elsewhere classified.

pt. Part.

SIC Standard Industrial Classification.
SMSA Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.

Users' Guide for Locating Statistics in This Report by Table Number

Information shown in tables		Table	
	1	2	3
GEOGRAPHIC AREAS			
SMSA's in the State CBD's in SMSA's Places with CBD's in SMSA's MRC's in SMSA's	× × × ×	×	×
All establishments: Establishments	×	××	××
Establishments with payroll: Establishments Sales Annual payroll First quarter payroll Paid employees for pay period including March 12, 1982	x x x	X X X X	X X X X

^{&#}x27;See Explanation of Terms, appendix A.

Users' Guide for Locating Statistics in the 1982 Census of Retail Trade Reports

	1										
			Informati	ion shown	in reports b	y kind of b	ousiness or inc	lustry cate	gory		
Report and geographic area	Number of estab- lishments	Sales (\$1,000)	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number of em- ployees	Sales per capita and selected ratios	Mer- chan- dise line sales	Sales size and em- ployment size of establish- ments and firms	Con- centra- tion ratios of largest firms	Single units and multi- units	Legal form of organi- zation	Selected topics
GEOGRAPHIC AREA SERIES											
United States State SCSA SMSA County Place	x x x x x	x x x x x	x x x x x	× × × × ×	X X					,	
MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS											
SMSA. City. CBD. MRC.	X X X	X X X	X X X	× × ×							E
ESTABLISHMENT AND FIRM SIZE (INCLUD- ING LEGAL FORM OF ORGANIZATION)											
United States	×	×	×	×			×	Х	×	×	
MEASURES OF VALUE PRODUCED, CAPITAL EXPENDITURES, DE- PRECIABLE ASSETS, AND OPERATING EXPENSES											
United States		×	×							×	¹ X
MERCHANDISE LINE SALES											
United States	X ² X ² X	X ² X ² X				X ² X ² X					
MISCELLANEOUS SUBJECTS											
United States	X X X	× × ×	X X X	X X X							³ X ³ X

 $^{^{-1}}$ Includes value produced, capital expenditures, depreciable assets, and selected operating expenses detail.

² Data available in printed form only for the United States and selected SMSA's based on volume of retail sales. Data for other areas are available only on microfiche.

³ For the United States, States, and SMSA's, includes data on number of gasoline pumps and gallon sales of gasoline and other automotive fuels as well as establishments offering self-service sale of gasoline; on waiter or waitress service, seating capacity and average cost per meal; and on the number of pharmacists, number of prescriptions filled, and percent of prescriptions paid for by third parties. For the United States and States only, includes data on types of food service, franchise holders, concession operators, contract feeding and automatic merchandising machine operators; and on the gallon sales of fuels, LP gas bulk storage capacity, and number of establishments selling bottled LP gas.

CONTENTS

[Page numbers listed here omit the prefix that appears as part of the number of each page]

	duction	Page III VII
	s' Guide for Locating Statistics in the 1982 Census of Retail Trade Reports	VIII
	ollowing tables are common to each SMSA which has either a central business district and/or at least one major retail center. Applicable s have been omitted in SMSA's where both central business districts and major retail centers did not exist.	
TAE	BLES	
1.	Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers, Central Business Districts, Cities With Central Business Districts, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982	
2. 3.	Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Business Districts in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982 Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982	
SMS	SA's	
Enic	I SMSA	3
	rton SMSA	5
	sa SMSA	8 15
APF	PENDIXES	
Α.	General Explanation	A-1
В.	General Questions	B-1
С.	Kind-of-Business Titles and Reporting-Form Numbers	C-1
D. E.	Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas	D-1
F.	Geographic Notes	
G.	Establishments in Business at End of Year and Establishments in Business Any Time During Year for the United States: 1982.	
Н.	Comparative Sales Statistics for Central Business Districts in Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1982 and 1977	H-1
l. J.	Boundary Descriptions for Central Business Districts and Major Retail Centers	I-1 J-1
Publ	ication Program	cover

-- Not applicable.

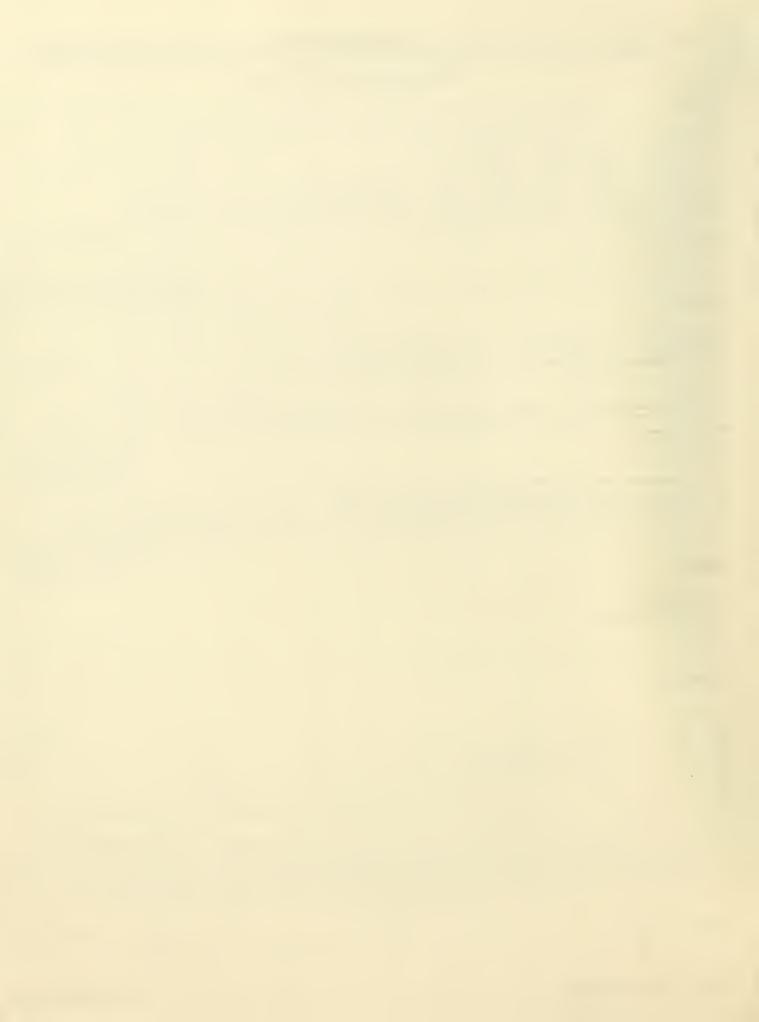


Table 1. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Business Districts, Cities With Central Business Districts, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For descriptions of MRC and CBD boundaries, see appendix I]

			Er	nid				Er	nid
SIC code	Kind of business	Standard metropolitan statistical area	metropolitan statistical		SIC code	Kind of business	Standard metropolitan statistical area	City	Centra busines distric
	Retall stores ^{1 2 3} : Number	682	612	227		NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS—			
	Sales (\$1,000) Annual payroll (\$1,000) Paid employees for pay period	382 498 45 082	365 292 43 919	157 294 19 605	54	Food stores ⁷	62	50	1
	including March 12, 1982	5 276	5 123	2 063	541	Grocery stores	46	34	
	Retall stores (establishments with payroll)2:	450	430	182	55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	35	32	1
	Number Sales (\$1,000)	371 760	356 341		554	Gasoline service stations	38	33	
54, 58, 591	Convenience goods stores: Number	183	167	53		Apparel and accessory stores	60	60	3
2 56 57 504	Sales (\$1,000)Shopping goods stores (GAF) ^{4 5} :	132 947	(D)	27 474	561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	5	5	
3, 30, 37, 334	NumberSales (\$1,000)	147 95 987	145 95 866		562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	27	27	1
2, 55, 59, ex.					562 565 566	Women's ready-to-wear stores Family clothing stores Shoe stores	25 8 14	25 8 14	
591, 4	All other stores: Number Sales (\$1,000)	129 142 826	118 (D)	45 65 822	564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores	6	6	
	σαιεσ (ψ1,000)	142 025	(5)	00 022	57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	38	37	2
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS				5712 5713, 4, 9	Furniture stores	13	12	1
	Retall stores ^{1 2 3}	682	612	227	572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	18	18	1
	Retall stores (establishments with				58	Eating and drinking places	105	102	3
	payroll) ²	459	430	182	5812	Eating places Drinking places	94	91	3
2	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	21	19	6	5813 591		11	11	
25 2 ex. 525	Hardware storesOther	5 16	3 16	1	59 ex. 591	Drug and proprietary stores	75	15 74	3
2 ex. 525 3	General merchandise group stores	9	8	6	592	Liquor stores	8	8	ì
31	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ⁵ 6	3	3	1	594 59 4 4	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores9 Jewelry stores	40 10	40 10	a
31	Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁵	3	3 2	1	5947 59 4 9	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops Sewing, needlework, and piece goods	8	8	
33 39	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	3	3		5992	storesFlorists	7	7 6	

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.
²Each kind-ol-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-ol-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.
²Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.
⁴Stores in general merchandise, apparel, and furniture major groups, and miscellaneous shopping goods group. These stores specialize in department store merchandise.
⁵Includes selse from catalog order desks located in department stores.
⁵Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.
²May include data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.
⁰May include data not covered by SIC's 5944, 5947, and 5949.

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Business Districts in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" and for indication of comparability of 1982 CBD data and 1977 CBD data, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For comparative CBD sales statistics, 1977 and 1982, see appendix H. For description of CBD boundaries, see appendix I]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establ	ishments	Sa	les	Annual	payroll	First quarter payroll		Paid employees for pay period including March 12	
		Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)
	ENID CBD										
	Retall stores ^{1 2 3}	227	205	157 294	138 499	19 605	17 274	4 743	4 206	2 063	1 888
·	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	182	167	154 324	136 180	19 605	17 274	4 743	4 206	2 063	1 888
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	6	5	5 988	3 911	(S)	465	(S)	124	(S)	35
5 25 52 ex. 525	Hardware storesOther	1 5	1 4	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
53	General merchandise group stores	6	6	18 614	18 614	2 239	2 239	516	516	251	251
531 531 533 539	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{4 5} Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁴ Variety stores Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	1 1 2 3	1 1 2 3	(D) (D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(NA) (D) (D) (D)	(NA) (D) (D) (D)	(NA) (D) (D)	(NA) (D) (D) (D)	(NA) (D) (D) (D)	(NA) (D) (D)
54	Food stores ⁶	13	12	13 704	13 241	1 326	1 285	316	309	127	121
541	Grocery stores	8	7	12 7 6 0	12 406	1 221	1 185	276	272	101	97
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	16	15	48 487	36 968	4 511	3 310	1 257	981	234	186
554	Gasoline service stations	7	7	6 427	6 323	461	452	106	106	37	37
56	Apparel and accessory stores	34	32	22 143	21 399	3 229	3 064	75 0	733	37 0	345
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	4	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
562, 3, 8 562	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers Women's ready-to-wear stores	16 15	15 14	4 379 (D)	3 8 7 2	591 (D)	490 (D)	129 (D)	116 (D)	92 (D)	7 5 (D) 179
562 565 566 564, 9	Family clothing storesShoe stores Other apparel and accessory stores	5 8 1	5 8 1	12 078 (D) (D)	(D) 12 078 (D) (D)	1 547 (D) (D)	1 547 (D) (D)	(D) 379 (D) (D)	(D) 379 (D) (D)	(D) 179 (D) (D)	179 (D) (D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	22	19	13 133	11 365	1 946	1 693	448	391	166	146
5 7 12 5713, 4, 9	Furniture stores	10 2	9	5 527	4 888	899 (D)	7 6 2 (D)	201 (D)	174 (D)	77 (D)	68 (D)
572, 3	Home furnishing stores Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	10	8	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
58	Eating and drinking places	37	33	9 524	8 958	2 343	2 210	511	483	504	468
5812 5813	Eating places	32 5	29 4	8 6 58 (S)	8 444 514	2 182 (S)	2 127 83	484 (S)	467 16	476 (S)	455 13
591	Drug and proprietary stores	3	3	4 246	4 067	619	57 5	142	132	71	65
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁷	38	35	12 058	11 334	2 115	1 981	458	431	242	234
592 594 5944 5947	Liquor stores Miscellaneous shopping goods stores ⁸ Jewelry stores Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	2 22 7 3	2 20 6 3	(D) 7 138 3 564 (D)	(D) 6 953 3 409 (D)	(D) 1 162 581 (D)	(D) 1 154 580 (D)	(D) 249 129 (D)	(D) 248 129 (D)	(D) 122 54 (D)	(D) 121 54 (D)
5949 5992	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods storesFlorists	4 4	4 4	581 (D)	581 (D)	80 (D)	80 (D)	22 (D)	22 (D)	18 (D)	18 (D)

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.
²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.
³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.
⁴Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.
⁵Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.
⁵May include data not covered by SIC 592, 594, and 5992.
⁵May include data not covered by SIC's 5944, 5947, and 5949.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard **Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982**

[Table 3 omitted because there were no major retail centers which qualified for publication in this SMSA in 1982]

Table 1. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers, Central Business Districts, Cities With Central Business Districts, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For descriptions of MRC and CBD boundaries, see appendix I]

		Lawton				Major retail centers				
SIC code	Kind of business	Standard metropolitan statistical area	City	Central business district	No. 1	No. 2	No. 4	No. 5		
	Retail stores¹ ² ³: Number Sales (\$1,000) Annual payroli (\$1,000) Paid employees for pay period including March 12, 1982	845 498 181 57 890 7 046	729 472 060 55 614 6 693	69 71 073 7 314 722	39 49 242 7 543 800	61 (D) 9 383 1 022	26 (D) 3 263 323	24 19 547 1 891 215		
	Retail stores (establishments with payroli)2: Number	611 485 973	547 463 217	61 70 622	32 48 591	60 88 031	23 32 179	21 19 143		
54, 58, 591	Convenience goods stores: Number	255 172 139	217 (D)	12 15 379	7 11 021	19 21 784	7 9 836	9 9 74 9		
53, 56, 57; 594	Shopping goods stores (GAF) ^{4 5} : Number Sales (\$1,000)	160 142 017	149 (D)	26 14 455	16 33 749	23 31 600	7 9 686	5 5 120		
52, 55, 59, ex. 591, 4	Ali other stores: Number	196 171 817	181 165 54 5	23 40 788	9 3 821	18 34 647	9 12 657	7 4 274		
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS									
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	845	729	69	3 9	61	26	24		
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	611	547	61	32	60	23	21		
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	24	21	3	1	2	1	4		
525 52 ex. 525	Hardware storesOther	5 19	4 17	. 3	1	2	1	1 3		
53	General merchandise group stores	13	13	1	3	3	1	1		
531 531 533 539	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ⁵ Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁵ Variety stores Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	7 7 3 3	7 7 3 3	1 1 -	2 2 1	2 2 - 1	1	: 1		
54	Food stores ⁷	97	75	5	1	7	4	5		
541	Grocery stores	81	61	3	1	6	4	3		
55 ex. 554 554	Automotive dealers Gasoline service stations	48 38	46 35	7	3	11	5	1		
56	Apparel and accessory stores	63	57	11	2	6	5			
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings				_			·		
562, 3, 8	Stores Women's clothing and specialty stores and	10	10	4	•	1	-	•		
562 565	furriers Women's ready-to-wear stores	25 2 2	23 20	3	1	2 2		1		
566 564, 9	Family clothing stores Shoe stores Other apparel and accessory stores	11 13	10 10	3	1	2	3	1		
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	44	44	7	8	6	1	2		
5712	Furniture stores	15	15	3	3	4	-	-		
5713, 4, 9 572, 3	Home furnishing stores Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	10	10 19	4	3	2	1	•		
58	Eating and drinking places	143	129	4	6	11	3	4		
5812 5813	Eating places Drinking places	109	99	4	6	9	3	1		
591	Drug and proprietary stores	34 15	30 13	3	•	2	•	3		
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	126	13	16	7	1	3	2		
592 594	Liquor stores	23	23	<u>1</u>	2	-	1	1		
594 5944 5947	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores Jewelry stores Giff poyelly and conveys characteristics	40 8	35 8	7	3	8		1		
5947 5949 5992	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores _ Florists	11 4 11	8 3 8	2	1	3	-	•		
332	Florists	11	8	2	1	-	1	•		

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.

²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.

³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.

⁴Stores in general merchandise, apparel, and furniture major groups, and miscellaneous shopping goods group. These stores specialize in department store merchandise.

⁹Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.

⁹Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.

⁹Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores.

Data for this line not included in higher level totals.

⁷May include data not covered by SIC 541.

⁹May include data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

⁸May include data not covered by SIC's 5944, 5947, and 5949.

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Business Districts in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" and for indication of comparability of 1982 CBD data and 1977 CBD data, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For comparative CBD sales statistics, 1977 and 1982, see appendix H. For description of CBD boundaries, see appendix I]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establ	ishments	Sa	les	Annua	payroll	First quarter payroll		Paid employees for pay period including March 12	
		Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)
	LAWTON CBD										
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	69	68	71 073	71 025	7 314	7 307	1 812	1 807	722	718
	Retail stores (establishments with payroil) ²	61	60	70 622	70 613	7 314	7 307	1 812	1 807	722	718
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	3	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
525 52 ex. 525	Hardware storesOther	3	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
531 531 533 539	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{4 5} Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁴ Variety stores Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	1 1 :	1 1 -	(D) (D) -	(D) (D) -	(D) (D) -	(D) (D) -	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D) -	(D) (D)
54	Food stores ⁶	5	5	12 464	12 460	1 419	1 418	383	381	105	103
541	Grocery stores	3	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	7	7	33 313	33 313	2 486	2 486	617	617	160	160
554	Gasoline service stations	4	4	990	990	59	59	14	14	8	8
56	Apparel and accessory stores	11	11	3 633	3 632	517	516	1 1 8	117	67	67
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	4	4	1 549	1 549	243	243	52	52	26	26
562, 3, 8	storesWomen's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	3	3	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D)
562 565 566 564, 9	Women's ready-to-wear stores Family clothing stores Shoe stores Other apparel and accessory stores	3 3 1	3 1	(D) 1 247 (D)	(D) 1 247 (D)	158 (D)	158 (D)	(D) 41 (D)	(D) 41 (D)	(D) (D) 23 (D)	(D) (D) 23 (D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	7	6	2 027	2 026	254	252	58	57	32	31
5712	Furniture stores	3	2	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
5713, 4, 9 572, 3	Home furriishing stores Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	4	4	(D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
58	Eating and drinking places	4	4	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5812 5813	Eating places Drinking places	4	4 -	537 (D)	537 (D)	143 (D)	143 (D)	30 (D)	30 (D)	28 (D)	28 (D)
591	Drug and proprietary stores	3	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
59 ex. 591	Misceilaneous retail stores ⁷	16	16	4 575	4 573	908	906	210	210	119	119
592 594 5944 5947	Liquor stores	1 7 1 2	1 7 1 2	(D) (D) (D)	0000	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)
5949 5992	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods storesFlorists	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.
²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.
³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.
⁴Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.
³Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.
⁶May include data not covered by SIC 591, 594, and 5992.
⁸May include data not covered by SIC's 5944, 5947, and 5949.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[Data for kind-of-business detail may not add to broader kind-of-business totals. Only those kinds of business without suppressed data are shown. In some instances, however, kinds of business for which data are suppressed are included to indicate their relationship to component kinds of business. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definitions of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix I]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	First quarter payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees for pay period including March 12 (number)
	MRC NO. 1					
	Retali stores ^{1 2 3}	39	49 242	7 543	1 550	800
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll)2	32	48 591	7 543	1 550	800
53	General merchandise group stores	3	27 981	4 537	896	427
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	8	3 285	609	112	31
5712	Furniture stores	3	1 710	201	35	12
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	7	2 244	368	73	53
	MRC NO. 2					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	61	(D)	9 383	2 206	1 022
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll)2	60	88 031	9 383	2 206	1 022
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	11	31 113	2 275	523	147
56	Apparel and accessory stores	6	3 421	240	53	33
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	6	9 745	1 575	340	99
58	Eating and drinking places	11	6 130	1 466	378	292
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	11	3 254	458	103	84
594 5947	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	8 3	(D) 1 080	(D) 1 5 3	(D) 30	(D) 38
	MRC NO. 4					
	Retali atores¹ 2 3	26	(D)	3 263	717	323
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll)2	23	32 179	3 263	717	323
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	5	11 225	937	207	62
56	Apparel and accessory stores	5	1 905	233	54	35
	MRC NO. 5					
	Retali atores¹ 2 3	24	19 547	1 891	470	215
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll)2	21	19 143	1 891	470	215
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	4	3 446	268	85	23
54	Food atores	5	9 268	777	188	74
58	Eating and drinking places	4	481	147	32	28

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.

²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.

³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.

Table 1. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers, Central Business Districts, Cities With Central Business Districts, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For descriptions of MRC and CBD boundaries, see appendix I]

		C: 1	Oklaho	ma City	Nor	man	Major ret	ail centers
SIC code	Kind of business	Standard metropolitan statistical area	City	Central business district	City	Central business district	No. 1	No. 2
	Retall stores ^{1 2 3} :							
	Number Sales (\$1,000) Annual payroll (\$1,000)	7 663 5 713 685	3 970 3 210 568	184 344 063	633 613 056	80 48 386	126 (D)	4 (D
	Annual payroll (\$1,000) Paid employees for pay period	650 39 9	389 174	33 118	62 009	6 657	16 612	6 36
	including March 12, 1982	74 295	43 006	2 214	7 497	869	2 249	790
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll)2:							
	Number	5 374	2 914	157	486	67	123	38
	Sales (\$1,000)	5 602 064	3 160 9 36	342 448	606 71 9	46 9 88	124 458	44 832
54, 58, 591	Convenience goods stores: Number	2 164	1 142	77	183	24	20	13
	Sales (\$1,000)	1 804 979	907 758	28 812	145 358	9 410	(D)	16 744
53, 56, 57; 594	Shopping goods stores (GAF) ^{4 5} : Number	1 569	886	36	174	30	94	17
	Sales (\$1,000)	1 507 247	959 542	32 174	146 891	24 264	114 467	19 005
52, 55, 59, ex. 591, 4	All other stores:							
55 I, 4	Number	1 641 2 28 9 838	885 1 2 9 2 286	44 281 462	12 9 314 470	13 13 314	9	9 083
	Sales (\$1,000)	2 289 838	1 292 286	281 462	314 4/0	13 314	(D)	9 083
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS							
	Retall stores1 2 3	7 663	3 970	184	633	80	126	41
	Tietan stores	. 000	0 0.0	104		00	120	7.
	Retail stores (establishments with	5 374	2 914	157	486	67	123	38
	payroll) ²	5 3/4	2 914	157	480	67	123	36
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	259	140	1	15	3	2	2
525	Hardware stores	27	13		2			
52 ex. 525	Other	232	127	1	13	3	2	2
53	General merchandise group stores	118	49	1	14	1	4	1
531 531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{5 6} Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁵	40 40	20 20	-	4 4	1	4 4	!
533	Variety stores	43	17	ī	3		-	
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	35	12		7		-	
54	Food stores ⁷	596	317	12	40	6	6	3
541	Grocery stores	474	247	5	28	4	1	2
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	401	195	13	37	7	•	•
554	Gasoline service stations	417	221	5	36	•	•	4
56	Apparel and accessory stores	640	372	12	76	10	56	4
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	69	43	3	6	2	7	
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	243	147	4		2	23	1
562 565	Women's ready-to-wear stores	202	121	3	30 25	2	18	-
566	Family clothing storesShoe stores	86 17 9	38 113	1 3	14 17	2	3 20	1
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores	63	31	1	9	1	3	1
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	411	235	9	44	13	10	7
5712	Furniture stores	125	72	6	8	5		1
5713, 4, 9 572, 3	Home furnishing stores Household appliance, radio, television, and	115	71	1	10	4	3	ä
372, 3	music stores	171	92	2	26	4	7	3
58	Eating and drinking places	1 368	740	57	128	15	14	7
5812 5813	Eating places Drinking places	1 260	670	49	121	15	14	6
		108	70	8	/		-	
591	Drug and proprietary stores	200	85	8	15	3		7
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores®	964	559	39	81	9	31	7
5 9 2 5 9 4	Liquor stores Miscellaneous shopping goods stores ⁹	95 400	50 230	1 14	8 40	6	24	5
5 9 44 5947	Jewelry stores Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	113 94	67 48	8	11 11	2	9	3 2
5949	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods			3		3		-
5992	stores	25 91	13 3 9	1	3 11	2	1	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers, Central Business Districts, Cities With Central Business Districts, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982-Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For descriptions of MRC and CBD boundaries, see appendix I]

				Ma	or retail centers—	Con.		
SIC code	Kind of business	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9
	Retall stores ^{1 2 3} :	NO. 3	110. 4	110. 3	140. 0	140. 7	140. 5	140. 3
	Number	28 (D) 7 317	86 94 281 14 810	97 (D) 14 470	83 88 418 11 253	42 (D) 6 117	37 40 068 5 108	113 (D) 12 836
	Retail stores (establishments with	843	1 585	1 742	1 503	673	673	1 739
	payroll) ² : Number Sales (\$1,000)	28 61 374	83 94 060	96 102 753	79 88 1 2 1	41 55 009	33 39 821	112 9 2 842
54, 58, 591	Convenience goods stores: Number Sales (\$1,000)	5 7 565	11 2 408	20 14 707	18 18 454	8 11 238	10 7 530	19 (D)
53, 56, 57; 594	Shopping goods stores (GAF) ⁴ 5: Number Sales (\$1,000)	18 52 135	66 86 981	63 84 571	53 68 020	26 41 258	14 28 080	88 86 377
52, 55, 59, ex.	Sales (\$1,000)	52 135	00 901	04 571	66 020	41 230	28 080	86 377
52, 55, 59, ex. 591, 4	All other stores: Number Sales (\$1,000)	5 1 674	6 4 671	13 3 475	8 1 647	7 2 513	9 4 211	5 (D)
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS							
	Retall stores 1 2 3	28	86	97	83	42	37	113
52	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	28	83	96	79	41	33	112
JZ	and mobile home dealers	-	•	1	•	1	1	1
525 52 ex. 525	Hardware storesOther	:	:	1	:	i	1	1
53	General merchandise group stores	3	2	4	5	1	2	4
531 531 533 539	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ⁵ 6 Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁵ Variety stores Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	2 2 1	2 2 -	3 3 1	4 4 - 1	1 1	1	4 4 -
54	Food stores ⁷	1	3	8	7	4	4	7
541	Grocery stores	1	-	1	2	3	1	1
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	1	1	3		1	-	
554	Gasoline service stations	1	2	1	2	2	3	-
56 561	Apparel and accessory stores Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings	13	42	32	31	10	2	51
562, 3, 8	stores Women's clothing and specialty stores and	1	4	4	2	2	٠	6
562	furriers Women's ready-to-wear stores Family clothing stores	3 2	22 17	13 13	13 12	6	-	20 17
562 565 566 564, 9	Shoe stores Other apparel and accessory stores	4	2 10 4	3 11	11	2	1	19 2
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment	'	4	'				2
	stores	1	5	7	8	6	7	8
5712 5713, 4, 9 572, 3	Furniture stores Home furnishing stores Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores		1 3	2 .	2 2 4	1 3 2	2 2 3	1
58	Eating and drinking places	4	8	12	10	2	6	12
5812 5813	Eating places Drinking places	4	8	12	10	2	6	12
591	Drug and proprietary stores				1:	2		
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retali storese	4	20	28	15	12	8	29
592 594	Liquor stores Miscellaneous shopping goods stores ⁹					1	1 3	
5944 5947	Jewelry stores Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	1	17 8 4	20 8 4	9 3 3	9 3 2	1 1	25 10 7
5949 5992	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods storesFlorists	1	:		1	1	- 1	2

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.

²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.

[§]Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.

[§]Stores in general merchandise, apparel, and furniture major groups, and miscellaneous shopping goods group. These stores specialize in department store merchandise.

[§]Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.

[§]Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.

[§]May include data not covered by SIC 51.

[§]May include data not covered by SIC 592, 594, and 5992.

[§]May include data not covered by SIC's 5944, 5947, and 5949.

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Business Districts in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" and for indication of comparability of 1982 CBD data and 1977 CBD data, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For comparative CBD sales statistics, 1977 and 1982, see appendix H. For description of CBD boundaries, see appendix I]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establ	ishments	Sa	les	Annual	payroll	First qua	rter payroll	Paid employees for pay period including March 12	
		Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)
	OKLAHOMA CITY CBD										
	Retall stores ^{1 2 3}	184	179	344 063	318 997	33 118	31 175	8 006	7 548	2 214	2 104
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	157	153	342 448	317 447	33 118	31 175	8 006	7 548	2 214	2 104
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
525 52 ex. 525	Hardware storesOther	1	i	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
531 531 533 539	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{4 5} Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁴ Variety stores Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	- (D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
54	Food stores6	12	12	6 486	5 725	1 058	941	255	230	126	112
541	Grocery stores	5	5	3 181	2 767	436	351	105	87	50	40
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	13	13	256 637	236 546	17 725	16 547	4 442	4 151	735	688
554	Gasoline service stations	5	5	3 780	3 575	199	191	35	34	15	14
56	Apparel and accessory stores	12	12	5 846	5 219	1 001	916	270	249	86	79
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	3	3	2 118	2 008	500	477	150	143	31	30
562, 3, 8 562	Women's clothing and specialty stores and fumers Women's ready-to-wear stores	4 3	4 3	2 252 (D)	1 814 (D)	310 (D)	259 (D)	75 (D)	63 (D)	37 (D)	32 (D)
565 566 564, 9	Women's ready-to-wear stores Family clothing stores Shoe stores Other apparel and accessory stores	1 3 1	1 3 1	0000	0000	9999	000	0000	0000	0000	32 (D) (D) (D) (D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	9	9	14 300	13 055	1 947	1 804	398	369	101	95
57 12 571 3 , 4 , 9	Furniture stores	6	6	9 290 (D)	8 320 (D)	1 253 (D)	1 152 (D)	267 (D)	246 (D)	68 (D)	63 (D)
572, 3	Home furnishing stores Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
58	Eating and drinking places	57	55	19 363	18 696	5 216	5 062	1 198	1 166	720	704
5812 5813	Eating places Drinking places	49 8	47 8	18 3 61 1 002	17 694 1 002	5 047 169	4 8 93 169	1 158 40	1 126 40	690 3 0	674 3 0
591	Drug and proprietary stores	8	8	2 963	2 743	407	378	128	116	22	21
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores7	39	37	31 595	30 648	5 139	4 990	1 188	1 155	379	365
592 594 5944 5947	Liquor stores Miscellaneous shopping goods stores ⁸ Jewelry stores Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	1 14 8 3	1 14 8 3	(D) (D) 8 704 (D)	(D) (D) 8 556 (D)	(D) (D) 1 196 (D)	(D) (D) 1 169 (D)	(D) (D) 361 (D)	(D) (D) 349 (D)	(D) (D) 65 (D)	(D) (D) 65 (D)
5949 5992	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops Sewing, needlework, and piece goods storesFlorists	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Business Districts in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982—Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" and for indication of comparability of 1982 CBD data and 1977 CBD data, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For comparative CBD sales statistics, 1977 and 1982, see appendix H. For description of CBD boundaries, see appendix I]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establ	ishments	Sa	les	Annual	payroli	First qua	rter payroll	Paid employees for pay period including March 12	
		Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)
	NORMAN CBD										
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	80	78	48 386	46 769	6 657	6 354	1 562	1 498	869	834
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	67	66	46 988	45 567	6 657	6 354	1 562	1 498	869	834
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	3	3	3 982	3 796	758	711	155	146	44	40
525 52 ex. 525	Hardware storesOther	3	3	3 982	3 79 6	758	711	155	146	44	40
53	General merchandise group stores	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
531 531 533	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ⁴ 5 Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁴ 5 Variety stores 5	1	1	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-
54	Food stores6	6	6	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(Đ)	(D)	(D)	(D)
541	Grocery stores	4	4	1 8 6 8	1 7 6 8	261	245	59	5 6	59	55
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	7	7	7 921	7 274	900	809	224	203	69	62
554	Gasoline service stations		-	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
56	Apparel and accessory stores	10	10	6 986	6 986	961	961	212	212	134	134
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	2	2			(D)	(D)	(D)		(D)	
562 565 566	Women's ready-to-wear stores Family clothing stores Shoe stores	2	2 2 3	(D) (D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D) (D)	00000	0000	00000	(D) (D) (D)	0000	(D) (D) (D) (D)
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	13	13	6 861	6 861	765	765	170	170	75	75
5712 5713, 4, 9	Furniture stores	5	5 4	3 279 (D)	3 279 (D)	431 (D)	431 (D)	92 (D)	92 (D)	34 (D)	34 (D)
572, 3	Home furnishing stores Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	4	4	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
58	Eating and drinking places	15	14	3 815	3 560	1 065	959	262	237	252	234
5812 5813	Eating places	15	14	3 815	3 560	1 065	959	262	237	252	234
591	Drug and proprietary stores	3	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retall stores ⁷	9	9	3 655	3 564	707	688	146	146	94	93
592 594	Liquor stores Miscellaneous shopping goods stores ⁸	- 6	. 6	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5944 5947 5949	Jewelry stores Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops Sewing, needlework, and piece goods	3	3	(D) 6 42	(D) 561	(D) (D) 70	(D) (D) 6 9	(D) (D) 15	(D) 15	(D) 24	(D) (D) 24
5992	storesFlorists	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.

²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.

³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.

⁴Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.

⁵Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.

⁶May include data not covered by SIC 541,

⁷May include data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

⁸May include data not covered by SIC's 5944, 5947, and 5949.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[Data for kind-of-business detail may not add to broader kind-of-business totals. Only those kinds of business without suppressed data are shown. In some instances, however, kinds of business for which data are suppressed are included to indicate their relationship to component kinds of business. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definitions of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix I]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	First quarter payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees for pay period including March 12 (number)
	MRC NO. 1					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	126	(D)	16 612	3 880	2 249
	Retall stores (establishments with payroll)2	123	124 458	16 612	3 880	2 249
53	General merchandise group stores	4	67 645	7 882	1 862	999
531	Department stores (excl. leased depts.)4	4	67 645	7 882	1 862	999
56	Apparel and accessory stores	56	27 944	3 747	830	552
	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	7	2 738	405	107	83
561 562, 3, 8 562 565 566 564, 9	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	23 18	12 9 6 7 11 990	1 361 1 236	341 310	213 1 88
565 566	Women's ready-to-wear stores Family clothing stores Shoe stores	3 20	4 381 7 177	893 1 000	133 22 8	119 120
	Other apparel and accessory stores	3	681	88	21	17
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	10	5 101	57 9	133	45
571 3, 4, 9 572, 3	Home furnishing stores Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	3 7	397 4 7 04	109 470	15 11 8	7 38
58	Eating and drinking places	14	6 371	1 843	465	324
5812	Eating places	14	6 371	1 843	465	324
59 ex. 5 91	Miscellaneous retail stores	31	15 164	2 213	524	265
594 5944	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	24	13 77 7 7 0 6 0	1 848 924	447 194	219 88
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	7	2 399	369	90	54
	MRC NO. 2					
	Retall stores ^{1 2 3}	41	(D)	6 361	1 513	790
	Retall stores (establishments with payroll)2	38	44 832	6 361	1 513	790
554	Gasoline service stations	4	4 217	483	124	45
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	7	7 278	967	205	62
58	Eating and drinking places	7	5 546	1 378	346	243
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	7	3 376	658	164	38
594		5	(D)	(D)		
5944	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores Jewelry stores	3	2 489	545	(D) 135	(D) 19
	MRC NO. 3					
	Retall stores ^{1 2 3}	28	(D)	7 317	1 720	843
	Retall stores (establishments with payroll)2	28	61 374	7 317	1 720	843
56	Apparei and accessory stores	13	8 398	1 085	251	130
56 5	Family clothing stores	4	3 894	468	112	60
566 59 ex. 591	Shoe stores	4	933	117	26	14
00 02. 001	William Cold Fedili Stores		322	143	02	• '
	MRC NO. 4					
	Retall stores ^{1 2 3}	86	94 281	14 810	3 446	1 585
	Retall stores (establishments with payroll)2	83	94 060	14 810	3 446	1 585
56	Apparel and accessory stores	42	39 982	6 889	1 618	681
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	4	7 299	1 214	370	98
5 6 2, 3, 8 5 6 2 5 64, 9	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers Women's ready-to-wear stores Other apparel and accessory stores	22 17 4	17 747 16 390 767	3 224 3 099 134	813 796 30	310 293 14
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	5	2 381	354	95	37
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	20	9 164	1 430	337	137
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	17	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5944 5947	Jewelry storesGift, novelty, and souvenir shops	8	4 566 988	736 85	1ì86 23	61 15

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982—Con.

[Data for kind-of-business detail may not add to broader kind-of-business totals. Only those kinds of business without suppressed data are shown. In some instances, however, kinds of business for which data are suppressed are included to indicate their relationship to component kinds of business. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definitions of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix I]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	First quarter payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees for pay period including March 12 (number)
	MRC NO. 5					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	97	(D)	14 470	3 369	1 742
	Retail stores (establishments with payroil) ²	96	102 753	14 470	3 369	1 742
5 3	General merchandise group stores	4	58 989	7 409	1 767	865
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{4 5}	3	55 607	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
54	Food stores	8	7 255	694	142	104
56	Apparel and accessory stores	32	13 097	1 917	450	261
	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	4	1 828	274	50	27
561 562, 3, 8 562 566	Women's clothing and specialty stores and fumers	13 13 11	5 960 5 960 3 18 5	845 845 496	209 209 119	117 117 69
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	7	2 884	332	74	29
58	Eating and drinking places	12	7 452	1 930	474	302
5812	Eating places	12	7 452	1 930	474	302
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	28	10 862	1 825	374	157
594 5944 5947	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores Jewelry stores Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	20 8 4	9 601 5 766 416	1 619 1 110 58	324 214 13	129 61 15
	MRC NO. 6					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	83	88 418	11 253	2 725	1 503
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll)2	79	88 121	11 253	2 725	1 503
53	General merchandise group stores	5	48 527	6 167	1 536	837
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{4 5}	4	44 522	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
56	Apparel and accessory stores	31	12 500	1 631	413	250
562, 3, 8 565 566	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers——————————————————————————————————	13 4 11	4 639 4 026 2 952	559 481 436	160 124 97	111 70 51
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	8	3 065	368	70	32
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	4	1 466	162	35	17
58	Eating and drinking places	10	5 366	1 442	309	181
58 12	Eating places	10	5 366	1 442	309	181
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	15	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	9	3 928	522	132	70
	MRC NO. 7					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	42	(D)	6 117	1 428	673
	Retail stores (establishments with payroil)2	41	55 009	6 117	1 428	873
56	Apparel and accessory stores	10	6 827	1 200	328	139
562, 3 , 8 5 6 2	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furners Women's ready-to-wear stores	6 6	5 306 5 306	988 988	2 8 5 285	115 115
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	6	5 727	667	151	50
5 713, 4, 9	Home furnishing stores	3	508	87	19	17
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	12	7 643	1 121	241	119
	MRC NO. 8					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	37	40 068	5 108	1 234	673
	Retail stores (establishments with payroli) ²	3 3	39 821	5 108	1 234	673
554	Gasoline service stations	3	1 742	94	21	12
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	7	4 269	408	102	35
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	3	2 361	. 170	47	20
59 ex. 591	Misceilaneous retail stores	8	3 664	159	30	22

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982-Con.

[Data for kind-of-business detail may not add to broader kind-of-business totals. Only those kinds of business without suppressed data are shown. In some instances, however, kinds of business for which data are suppressed are included to indicate their relationship to component kinds of business. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definitions of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix I]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	First quarter payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees for pay period including March 12 (number)
	MRC NO. 9					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	113	(D)	12 836	2 942	1 739
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	112	92 842	12 836	2 942	1 739
53	General merchandise group stores	4	53 205	6 937	1 626	903
531	Department stores (excl. leased depts.)4	4	53 205	6 937	1 626	903
56	Apparel and accessory stores	51	18 722	2 861	584	382
562, 3, 8 562 565 566	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	20 17 4 19	7 033 6 691 3 985 5 687	810 758 852 888	184 172 132 194	134 124 114 97
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	8	4 106	391	97	36
58	Eating and drinking places	12	3 129	766	204	168
5812	Eating places	12	3 129	766	204	168
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retall stores	29	11 217	1 647	384	214
594 5944 5947	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores Jewelry stores Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	25 10 7	10 344 4 821 1 791	1 537 878 214	366 216 46	188 78 44

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.

²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.

³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.

⁴Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.

⁵Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.

Table 1. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retall Centers, Central Business Districts, Cities With Central Business Districts, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For descriptions of MRC and CBD boundaries, see appendix I]

	approviding and symbols, see insectionly text.		Tulsa		Major retail centers						
SIC code	Kind of business	Standard metropolitan statistical area	City	Central business district	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5		
	Retall stores ^{1 2 3} : Number Sales (\$1,000) Annual payroll (\$1,000) Paid employees for pay period	6 231 3 915 194 450 171	3 665 2 764 648 334 943	147 158 669 19 759	120 (D) 20 158	30 75 297 9 062	239 224 773 29 183	31 (D) 3 698	24 56 770 5 191		
	including March 12, 1982 Retall stores (establishments with payroll) ² : Number Sales (\$1,000)	49 328 4 194 3 817 023	2 634 2 720 383	1 542 124 157 543	2 305 117 138 602	954 30 75 297	3 681 235 224 446	433 27 29 989	556 21 56 583		
54, 58, 591	Convenience goods stores: Number Sales (\$1,000)	1 721 1 320 138	1 051 851 348	52 20 470	21 10 426	8 9 757	43 25 603	9 15 653	5 (D)		
53, 56, 57; 594	Shopping goods stores (GAF) ⁴ 5: Number Sales (\$1,000)	1 196 986 712	837 778 55 9	32 20 096	87 12 5 176	13 (D)	172 190 626	11 11 547	10 11 500		
52, 55, 59, ex. 591, 4	All other stores: Number Sales (\$1,000)	1 277 1 510 173	746 1 090 476	40 116 977	3 000	9 (D)	20 8 217	7 2 789	6 (D)		
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS Retall stores ^{1 2 3}	6 231	3 665	147	120	30	239	31	24		
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	4 194	2 834	124	117	30	235	27	21		
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	206	95	2	1	2	2		2		
5 25 5 2 ex. 525	Hardware storesOther	28 178	5 90	2	ī	2	2	-	2		
531 531 533 539	General merchandise group stores Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ⁵ 6 Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁵ Variety stores Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	98 32 32 37 29	18 18 15 15	- - - 2	4 4	3 2 2 1	6 6 1 3		3 1 1 1		
54 541	Food stores ⁷	581 494	312 255	8	3	3 1	10	2 2	2 2		
55 ex. 554 554	Automotive dealers	357 300	194 172	14 4	1 2	1	2	-	1		
56	Apparel and accessory stores	447	312	20	49	6	85	3	3		
561 562, 3, 8	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores Women's clothing and specialty stores and furners	34	28	4	5	2	7	-			
562 565 566 564, 9	furriers	159 141 80 121 53	114 98 4 5 92 33	8 5 2 5	20 16 6 15 3	- 1 2 1	36 31 5 33 4	1 1 1 1 1	- 1 2		
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	335	241	5	8	3	27	7	1		
5712 5713, 4, 9 572, 3	Furniture stores Home furnishing stores Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	98 90 147	61 66 114	3 -	2	1 - 2	4 10	1 2	-		
58	Eating and drinking places	993	664	41	17	4	33	6	3		
5812 5813	Eating places Drinking places	918 75	606 5 8	39 2	16 1	4	33	6 -	3		
50 1 50 ex. 591	Drug and proprietary stores Miscellaneous retail stores ⁶	147 730	75 521	3 25	1 31	1	- 64	1 7	-		
592 594	Liquor stores Miscellaneous shopping goods stores ⁹	90 316	60 236	4 5	26	1	2 50	2	3		
5944 5947 5949	Jewelry stores Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops Sewing, needlework, and piece goods	75 70	55 54	2 2	9 7	:	17 14	1	1		
5992	storesFlorists	21 82	16 44	1	1 1	3	3 2	-	-		

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.

²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.

³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.

⁴Stores in general merchandise, apparel, and furniture major groups, and miscellaneous shopping goods group. These stores specialize in department store merchandise.

⁹Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.

⁹Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.

⁹Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores.

Data for this line not included in higher level totals.

⁷May include data not covered by SIC 541.

⁹May include data not covered by SIC 541, 5947, and 5992.

⁹May include data not covered by SIC's 5944, 5947, and 5949.

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Business Districts in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" and for indication of comparability of 1982 CBD data and 1977 CBD data, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For comparative CBD sales statistics, 1977 and 1982, see appendix H. For description of CBD boundaries, see appendix I]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishme Kind of business		s Sales		Annual payroll		First quarter payroll		Paid employees for pay period including March 12	
		Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)
	TULSA CBD										
	Retall stores1 2 3	147	143	158 669	150 055	19 759	18 814	4 654	4 413	1 542	1 484
	Retail stores (establishments with payroli) ²	124	121	157 543	148 997	19 759	18 814	4 654	4 413	1 542	1 484
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
525 52 ex. 525	Hardware storesOther	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	- (D)	(D)	- (D)	(D)	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
531 531 533 53 9	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ⁴ 5 Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁴ Variety stores	-	-	-		:	:	-	:	-	:
	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
54	Food stores ⁶	8 8	7	7 760	7 759	968	898	225	210	76 (D)	68
541				(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	14	13	103 637	95 918	9 429	8 695	2 232	2 042	512	476
554	Gasoline service stations	4	4	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
56	Apparel and accessory stores	20	20	10 288	9 936	2 133	2 074	535	518	191	182
561 562, 3, 8	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings storesWomen's clothing and specialty stores and	4	4	3 115	2 9 73	7 6 2	732	182	175	57	54
562, 3, 6	furriers Women's ready-to-wear stores	8 5	8 5	2 154 (D)	2 0 6 8 (D)	301 (D)	288 (D)	90 (D)	85 (D)	40 (D)	3 6
565 566 564, 9	Family clothing stores Shoe stores Other apparel and accessory stores	2 5 1	2 5 1	(D) 1 953 (D)	(D) 1 829 (D)	(D) 314 (D)	(D) 298 (D)	(D) (D) 75 (D)	(D) (D) 70 (D)	(D) (D) 17 (D)	(D) (D) 15 (D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	5	5	4 529	4 497	893	884	245	242	5 7	56
5712 5713, 4, 9	Furniture stores	3	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Home furnishing stores Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
58	Eating and drinking places	41	41	11 405	11 405	3 319	3 319	745	745	420	420
5812 5813	Eating places Drinking places	3 9 2	3 9 2	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
591	Drug and proprietary stores	3	3	1 305	1 304	249	243	57	56	25	25
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retall stores7	25	24	10 161	9 858	2 036	1 982	460	449	186	183
592 5 9 4	Liquor stores Miscellaneous shopping goods stores ⁸	4 5	4 5	8 9 2 (D)	892 (D)	127 (D)	127 (D)	25 (D) (D)	25 (D)	27 (D)	27 (D)
5944 5 9 47 5 9 49	Jewelry stores	2 2	2 2	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)
5992	Florists	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.

²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.

³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.

⁴Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.

⁵Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.

⁶May include data not covered by SIC 51, 594, and 5992.

⁸May include data not covered by SIC's 5944, 5947, and 5949.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[Data for kind-of-business detail may not add to broader kind-of-business totals. Only those kinds of business without suppressed data are shown. In some instances, however, kinds of business for which data are suppressed are included to indicate their relationship to component kinds of business. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definitions of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix I]

SMSA, see ap	pendix D. For description of MHC boundaries, see appendix ij					
SIC code	Kind of business				First quarter	Paid employees for pay period including
		Establishments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	payroll (\$1,000)	March 12 (number)
	MRC NO. 1					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	120	(D)	20 158	4 898	2 305
	Retail stores (establishments with payroli) ²	117	138 602	20 158	4 898	2 305
53	General merchandise group stores	4	60 818	6 978	1 740	885
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{4 5}	4	56 23 9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
56	Apparel and accessory stores	49	43 220	7 071	1 788	707
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	5	2 028	341	74	32
562 565	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	20 16 6	11 437 10 118 21 969	1 802 1 606 3 8 99	452 405 1 023	231 205 330
561 562, 3, 8 562 565 566 564, 9	Shoe storesOther apparel and accessory stores	1 5 3	6 934 852	917 112	211 28	101 13
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	8	2 990	401	104	47
58	Eating and drinking places	17	8 708	2 397	488	314
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retali stores	31	19 483	2 846	661	297
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	26	18 148	2 497	57 9	262
5944 5947	Jewelry stores	9 7	7 055 2 455	1 101 453	262 126	84 60
	MRC NO. 2					
	Retall stores ^{1 2 3}	30	75 297	9 062	2 094	954
	Retail stores (establishments with payroil)2	30	75 297	9 062	2 094	954
56	Apparel and accessory stores	6	2 641	412	95	55
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	3	922	134	36	15
58	Eating and drinking places	4	1 323	321	88	53
5812	Eating places	4	1 323	321	88	53
59 ex. 591	Miscelianeous retail stores	6	1 158	179	42	16
	MRC NO. 3					
	Retall stores ^{1 2 3}	239	224 773	29 183	6 419	3 681
	Retail stores (establishments with payroli)2	235	224 446	29 183	6 419	3 681
53	General merchandise group stores	10	98 807	11 746	2 366	1 327
531 531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{4 5} Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁴	6	93 131 91 633	(NA) 10 821	(NA) 2 164	(NA) 1 224
54	Food stores	10	8 199	1 054	223	80
56	Apparel and accessory stores	85	48 332	5 882	1 433	728
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	7	3 003	370	72	44
562 565	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers Women's ready-to-wear stores	36 31 5	18 366 17 5 9 7 12 734	2 014 1 907 1 639	4 9 2 466 475	318 286 158
561 562, 3, 8 562 565 566 564, 9	Family clothing stores Shoe stores Other apparel and accessory stores	33	13 106 1 123	1 696 163	368 26	190 18
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	27	14 493	1 945	475	155
5712 5713, 4, 9	Furniture stores	4 10	1 867 7 129	165 1 066	41 255	10 84
5 72, 3	Home furnishing stores	13	5 497	714	179	61
58	Eating and drinking places	33	17 404	4 343	1 026	881
5812	Eating places	33	17 404	4 343	1 026	881
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	64	32 004	3 882	* 847	479
5944 5947	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores Jewelry stores Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	50 17 14	28 994 10 406 3 826	3 44 9 1 617 640	762 376 140	429 134 108
5949	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	3	1 022	152	35	33

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982-Con.

[Data for kind-of-business detail may not add to broader kind-of-business totals. Only those kinds of business without suppressed data are shown. In some instances, however, kinds of business for which data are suppressed are included to indicate their relationship to component kinds of business. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definitions of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix I]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	First quarter payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees for pay period including March 12 (number)
	MRC NO. 4					
	Retall stores ^{1 2 3}	31	(D)	3 698	904	433
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	27	29 989	3 698	904	433
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	7	3 022	351	74	40
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	4	1 775	135	26	11
58	Eating and drinking places	6	2 194	685	167	84
5812	Eating places	6	2 194	685	167	84
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	7	2 163	420	77	51
	MRC NO. 5				1	
	Retall stores ^{1 2 3}	24	56 770	5 191	1 382	556
	Retall stores (establishments with payroll) ²	21	56 583	5 191	1 382	556
58	Eating and drinking places	3	264	40	12	13
5812	Eating places	3	264	40	12	13
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	6	2 260	693	164	106
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	3	703	132	34	19

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.

²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.

³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.

⁴Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.

⁵Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.

APPENDIX A. General Explanation

CENSUS COVERAGE AND METHODOLOGY

Structure and method of enumeration — Firms in the 1982 Census of Retail Trade were divided into the nonmail universe and mail universe. The coverage and the method of obtaining census information from each follow:

- The nonmail universe consists of firms which were not required to file a regular census return and includes:
 - a. All nonemployers, i.e., all firms with no paid employees during 1982. Sales information for them was obtained from administrative records of other Federal agencies. Although consisting of a large number of firms, nonemployers account for less than 5 percent of total retail sales.

The census included only those retail nonemployer firms which reported a sales volume of \$1,000 or more during 1982 plus firms in operation for less than the full year that reported sales which, if projected to an annual basis, would have reached a total of \$1,000 or more. This change in qualifications for the 1982 census is described in the Comparability of the 1977 and 1982 Censuses section below.

b. Selected small employers, i.e., single-establishment firms with payroll below a specified cutoff. (The term "employers" refers to all business firms with paid employees at any time during 1982 as shown in the active administrative records of other Federal agencies.) Although the payroll cutoff varied by kind of business, small employers generally included firms with one to three employees and represented about 10 percent of total retail sales.

Data on sales, payroll, and employment for employer firms below the cutoff were derived or estimated from the administrative records of other Federal agencies, except for a 10-percent sample which was included in the mail universe.

- 2. The mail universe consists of firms for which information was obtained basically by means of a mail canvass and includes:
 - a. Large employers, i.e., all employer firms above the payroll size cutoff established to separate large from small employers. Within this category, a report of company organization is conducted periodically to identify firms which operated establishments at more than one location and to obtain information on payroll and mid-March employment at each location. The 1981 Report of Company Organization was used as a coverage check in the census. In the census mailing package containing the appropriate 1982 questionnaires, firms were sent a form to use in updating the list of establishments with those opened since 1981.
 - b. The 10-percent sample of small employers referred to in section 1b above which were sent the census mailing packages containing the appropriate 1982 questionnaires.

Method of classifying kinds of business—The retail trade classifications for all establishments were based on the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual.¹ However, the method of assigning these classifications, and the level of detail at which establishments were classified, differed between the nonmail and mail universes as follows:

- 1. The nonmail universe.
 - a. All nonemployers were classified inside or outside of retail trade on the basis of information obtained from other Federal agencies. Data are not provided for nonemployers by kind of business as planned for 1982 because a substantial number of the nonemployer records, obtained from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), were miscoded by the IRS into miscellaneous categories rather than being classified in the specific kind of business.
 - b. Selected small employers were classified on the basis of the most current census kind-of-business classification available from one of the Bureau's current sample surveys or the 1977 census. Otherwise, the classification was obtained from the administrative records of other Federal agencies.

If the census or administrative record classifications proved inadequate (none corresponded to a census classification in the detail required for employers), the firm was sent a brief inquiry requesting information necessary to assign a 1982 census kind-of-business code.

 Establishments in the mail universe were classified on the basis of their self designation and answers to questions on sales by merchandise lines and other special inquiries.

COMPARABILITY OF THE 1977 AND 1982 CENSUSES

The 1977 and 1982 censuses were conducted under similar conditions and procedures except for the following:

Geographic areas—The boundaries of a number of areas for which data are shown in the 1982 census are not the same as in the 1977 census because of annexations, other boundary changes, redefinitions of SMSA's, and changes in qualifying criteria since 1977.

Also, improved methods, used in the 1982 census for determining the proper geographic areas into which businesses are tabulated within a given county, resulted in a number of businesses that were not tabulated as part of the "remainder of county" statistics in previous censuses being included within the "remainder of county" for 1982.

Leased departments — In 1977 and in prior censuses, data for leased departments were consolidated with the data for stores

^{&#}x27;Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1972. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Stock No. 041-001-00066-6. 1977 Supplement. Stock No. 003-005-00176-0.

in which they were located. In the 1982 census, each leased department was treated as a separate establishment and was classified according to the kind of business it conducted. For example, in the 1977 reports, data for a leased department selling shoes were included in the kind-of-business statistics of the lessor store. For the 1982 reports, however, a leased department selling shoes would be considered a separate retail establishment under the "shoe store" classification. It should also be noted that in the 1982 classifications (with the exception of department stores for which leased department data are recognized for classification purposes), the procedure which separated the leased department from the main store might have affected the kind-of-business code assigned to a relatively small number of main stores, because the coding procedure did not take into account the lines of merchandise carried by the leased department.

Due to the relatively high level of leased department activity in department stores, department store sales summaries for 1982 have been separately presented for the following classifications:

Department stores (incl. leased depts.)
Department stores (excl. leased depts.)

Nonemployer firms—In 1977, the census included any retail nonemployer firm which reported a sales volume of \$2,500 or more, plus firms in operation for less than the full year that reported sales which, if projected to an annual basis, would have reached a total of \$2,500 or more. In the 1982 census, nonemployer firms are included if, on an annual basis, they reported a sales volume of at least \$1,000. This change was made so that establishments will be included in the retail census based on the same criterion used for including establishments in the other economic censuses, i.e., \$1,000. Had the 1982 criterion been applied in the 1977 Census of Retail Trade, an additional 62,000 nonemployers with sales of \$120.6 million would have been included.

In 1977 and prior censuses, the combined data for all establishments (nonemployer firms plus establishments of employer firms) were presented for selected kind-of-business classifications, including all 2-digit major industry groups. For these censuses, data for nonemployer firms were obtained from administrative records of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) based on business tax returns. For 1982, data for nonemployers and the combined data for all establishments are presented only at the retail trade total level for all geographic areas. These data could not be published by kind of business as planned because many businesses were miscoded by the IRS into various miscellaneous categories rather than in the specific kind of business. As a result, when the IRS supplied the Bureau of the Census with the kind-of-business codes derived from information reported by businesses for 1982 on IRS form 1040, schedule C, the Bureau found that there were proportionately far more businesses classified in miscellaneous categories for 1982 than for 1977. The Bureau of the Census and the IRS are taking steps to ensure that data can be published for all establishments by kind of business in the 1987 and subsequent censuses.

Central business districts—In 1982, two sets of kind-ofbusiness data are provided for central business districts (CBD's): "adjusted" and "unadjusted." In the 1977 reports, only unadjusted data were provided. Unadjusted CBD data refer to the summation of data for those establishments which could be identified, based on address, as being in the CBD. However, some records, particularly those of small establishments for which information is derived from administrative records of other Federal agencies, have addresses that are inadequate for determining if they are in the CBD.

Therefore, for 1982 the Bureau proportionately allocated data to the CBD for establishments for which address records were inadequate to determine if they were inside or outside the CBD. The resulting "adjusted" data provide more realistic estimates of retail trade in each CBD. The adjustment process allocated data for the establishments that could not be coded in each CBD city to either "inside" or "outside" the CBD in the same ratio as the associated data for establishments with addresses that could be coded. The adjustment process was separately applied to each data item (number of establishments, sales, annual payroll, and number of employees) for each kind-of-business level for which data are presented for each CBD.

The 1977 CBD statistics and the 1982 "unadjusted" statistics are based on comparable procedures and are believed to be directly comparable. The 1982 "unadjusted" statistics are shown to provide a means of comparing 1977 and 1982 CBD data and to provide measures (the differences between the adjusted and unadjusted data) of the estimation for establishments with inadequate addresses.

Nonstore retailers (SIC 596)—Although nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments) were included in the 1977 Census of Retail Trade, data for nonstore retailers were excluded from the Major Retail Centers reports. For 1982, nonstore retailers are also included in the Major Retail Centers reports. Nonstore retailers account for a negligible portion of total retail trade in most MRC's and CBD's.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Establishments - An establishment is a single physical location at which business is conducted. It is not necessarily identical with a company or enterprise, which may consist of one establishment or more. Census of retail trade figures represent a summary of reports for individual establishments rather than companies. For cases where a census report was received, separate information was obtained for each location where business was conducted. When administrative records of other Federal agencies were used instead of a census report, no information was available on the number of locations operated. Estimates of this number were derived from a sample and will be provided in the retail trade report, Miscellaneous Subjects, RC82-I-4. Each retail establishment was tabulated according to the physical location at which the business was conducted. The count of establishments in this publication represents the number in business at the end of the year.

A comparison of the number of establishments in business at the end of the year versus the number active any time during the year for the United States as a whole is presented for establishments with payroll, by kind-of-business group, and for all establishments, only for total retail trade, in appendix G of the United States Summary report of the Geographic Area series, RC82-A-52.

When two activities or more were carried on at a single location under a single ownership, all activities generally were

grouped together as a single establishment. The entire establishment was classified on the basis of its major activity and all data for it were included in that classification. However, when distinct and separate economic activities (for which different industry classification codes were appropriate) were conducted under the same ownership at a single location, and when conditions prescribed by the SIC manual for recognizing the existence of more than one establishment were met, separate establishment reports for each of the different activities were obtained in the census.

Firms—A firm is a business organization or entity consisting of one domestic establishment (location) or more under common ownership or control. For economic census purposes, the terms firm and company are synonymous.

Sales—Sales include merchandise sold for cash or credit at retail and wholesale by establishments primarily engaged in retail trade; amounts received from customers for layaway purchases; receipts from rental or leasing of vehicles, equipment, instruments, tools, etc.; receipts for delivery, installation, maintenance, repair, alteration, storage, and other services; and gasoline, liquor, tobacco, and other excise taxes which are paid by the manufacturer or wholesaler and passed on to the retailer.

Sales are net after deductions for refunds and allowances for merchandise returned by customers. Trade-in allowances are not deducted from total sales. Total sales do not include carrying or other credit charges; sales (or other) taxes collected from customers and forwarded to taxing authorities; commissions from vending machine operators; and nonoperating income from such sources as investments, rental or sale of real estate, etc.

Sales in this report do not include retail sales made by manufacturers, wholesalers, service establishments, or other businesses whose primary activity is other than retail trade. They do include receipts other than from the sale of merchandise at retail, e.g., service receipts, sales to industrial users, and sales to other retailers, by establishments primarily engaged in retail trade.

Although the count of establishments in this report represents the number in business at the end of the year, the sales figures include sales of all establishments in business at any time during the year. Annual payroll—Payroll includes all forms of compensation, such as salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses, vacation allowances, sick leave pay, and the value of payments in kind (e.g., free meals and lodgings), paid during the year to all employees. Tips and gratuities received by employees from patrons and reported to employers are included. For corporations, it includes amounts paid to officers and executives; for unincorporated businesses, it does not include profit or other compensation of proprietors or partners. Payroll is reported before deductions for social security, income tax, insurance, union dues, etc. This definition of payroll is the same as that used by the IRS on form 941.

First quarter payroll—This item consists of payroll, as defined above, paid to persons employed at any time during the quarter January to March 1982.

Paid employees for pay period including March 12—Paid employees consist of the full-time and part-time employees, including salaried officers and executives of corporations, who were on the payroll in the pay period including March 12. Included are employees on paid sick leave, paid holidays, and paid vacations; not included are proprietors and partners of unincorporated businesses. The definition of paid employees is the same as that used on IRS form 941.

Auxiliary establishments — Each company included in this census was asked to identify and report separately those auxiliary locations whose primary functions were to manage, administer, service, or support the activities of the other establishments of the company. Data for auxiliaries which primarily service retail establishments are presented for selected industrial classifications in tables included in the United States Summary report of the Geographic Area series, RC82-A-52. Data for auxiliaries are presented for more detailed industry breakdowns in a subsequent report issued as part of the 1982 Enterprise Statistics reports.

ALL ESTABLISHMENTS VERSUS ESTABLISHMENTS WITH PAYROLL

The tables in this report present data for two major categories of establishments: All establishments and establishments with payroll.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[Data for kind-of-business detail may not add to broader kind-of-business totals. Only those kinds of business without suppressed data are shown. In some instances, however, kinds of business for which data are suppressed are included to indicate their relationship to component kinds of business. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definitions of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix I]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	First quarter payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees for pay period including March 12 (number)
	MRC NO. X					
	Retall stores ^{1 2 3}	130	73 530	9 853	2 683	1 003
	Retall stores (establishments with payroll) ²	117	71 810	9 853	2 683	1 003

The term ''all establishments'' includes those without payroll (''mom and pop'' operators) and those with payroll. The number and sales of establishments without payroll is determined by subtracting data for establishments with payroll from data for all establishments.

As shown in the table on the previous page:

- 130 (Number of total establishments)
- -117 (Number of establishments with payroll)
 - 13 (Number of establishments without payroll)

The sales of the 13 establishments is \$1,720 (000).

As explained in the "Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses," data are shown by kind of business only for establishments with payroll.

KIND-OF-BUSINESS CLASSIFICATIONS

Retail trade, major groups 52 through 59 in the 1972 SIC manual, includes establishments engaged in selling merchandise for personal or household consumption and in rendering services incidental to the sale of the goods. Exceptions are necessitated by trade practices. For example, lumber yards and paint, glass, and wallpaper stores are included in retail trade if they sell to the general public, even if a higher proportion of their sales is made to contractors. Establishments engaged in selling products to the general public from displayed merchandise, such as typewriters, stationery, or gasoline, are classified in retail trade even though such products may not be used for personal or household consumption. However, establishments that sell exclusively to business establishments, institutional and industrial users, or contractors are classified in wholesale trade.

Other important characteristics of retail trade establishments are that they are usually fixed places of business; they are engaged in activities to attract the general public to buy; they buy or receive as well as sell merchandise; they may process their products, although processing is incidental or subordinate to selling; and they are considered as retail in the trade. Not all of these characteristics need be present and some are modified by trade practice.

Establishments covered by the census were assigned kind-ofbusiness classifications according to the industry classifications defined in the 1972 SIC manual. When a more detailed classification was needed than that defined in the SIC manual, more kinds of business were identified within an SIC.

In general, retail establishments were classified according to the principal lines of commodities sold (groceries, hardware, etc.), or the usual trade designation (drug store, cigar store, etc.).

Kind-of-business classifications are not interchangeable with commodity classifications; most businesses sell several kinds of commodities. The kind-of-business code generally reflects either the individual commodity or the commodity group which is the primary source of the establishment's business. Thus, the classification of establishments by kind of business generally does not make it possible to determine either the number of establishments handling a particular commodity or the sales of that commodity. For example, the food stores classification excludes stores selling food if the sale of food is not the primary source of receipts; moreover, even though stores are classified as food stores, some of their receipts may be derived from the sale of nonfood products. (Information on the extent to which

various broad groups of commodities, or merchandise lines, sold by different kinds of business is available in the 1982 Census of Retail Trade report, Merchandise Line Sales, RC82-I-3.)

Building Materials, Hardware, Garden Supply, and Mobile Home Dealers (SIC Major Group 52)

This major group includes retail establishments primarily engaged in selling lumber and other building materials; paint, glass, and wallpaper; hardware; nursery stock; lawn and garden supplies; and mobile homes. It includes lumber and other building materials dealers and paint, glass, and wallpaper stores selling to the general public, even if sales to contractors account for a larger proportion of total sales; these establishments are known as retail in the trade. Establishments primarily selling these products but not selling to the general public are classified in wholesale trade.

Hardware stores (SIC 525) — Establishments primarily selling a number of basic hardware lines such as tools, builders' hardware, paint and glass, housewares and household appliances, cutlery, and roofing materials, no one of which accounts for 50 percent or more of the sales of the establishments.

General Merchandise Group Stores (SIC Major Group 53)

This major group includes retail stores which sell a number of lines of merchandise, such as dry goods, apparel and accessories, furniture and home furnishings, small wares, hardware, and food. The stores included in this group are known as department stores, variety stores, general merchandise stores, general stores, etc. Establishments primarily engaged in selling used general merchandise are classified in SIC 593, and those selling general merchandise by mail, vending machine, or direct selling are classified in SIC 596.

Department stores (SIC 531)—Establishments normally employing 25 people or more, having sales of apparel and soft goods combined amounting to 20 percent or more of total sales, and selling each of the following lines of merchandise:

- Furniture, home furnishings, appliances, and radio and TV sets.
- 2. A general line of apparel for the family.
- 3. Household linens and dry goods.

The employment and lines of merchandise sold in leased departments are both taken into account when classifying a department store.

To qualify as a department store, sales of each of the lines listed above must be less than 80 percent of total store sales. An establishment with total sales of \$10 million or more is classified as a department store even if sales of one of the merchandise lines listed above exceed the maximum percent of total sales, provided that the combined sales of the other two groups are \$1 million or more. Relatively few stores are included in this classification as a result of this special rule and most of those which are would otherwise have been classified in the apparel group (SIC major group 56).

Due to the relatively high level of leased department activity in department stores, department store sales have been separately presented for the following classifications:

Department stores (incl. leased depts.)
Department stores (excl. leased depts.)

Variety stores (SIC 533)—Establishments engaged in the retail sale of a variety of merchandise in the low and popular price ranges. Sales usually are made on a cash-and-carry basis with the open selling method of display and customer selection of merchandise. These stores generally do not carry a complete line of merchandise, are not departmentalized, do not carry their own charge service, and do not deliver merchandise.

Miscellaneous general merchandise stores (SIC 539) — Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of a general line of apparel, dry goods, hardware, homewares or home furnishings, groceries, and other lines in limited amounts. Stores selling commodities covered in the definition for department stores but normally having less than 25 employees, and stores usually known as country general stores are included here. Also included are most catalog showrooms and establishments whose sales of apparel or furniture and home furnishings exceed half of their total sales, providing that sales of the smaller of the two lines in combination with dry goods and household linens account for 20 percent or more of total sales.

Food Stores (SIC Major Group 54)

This major group includes retail stores primarily engaged in selling food for home preparation and consumption. Establishments primarily engaged in selling prepared foods and drinks for consumption on the premises are classified in major group 58, and stores primarily engaged in selling packaged beers and liquors are classified in SIC 5921.

Grocery stores (SIC 541)—Establishments primarily selling (1) a wide variety of canned or frozen foods such as vegetables, fruits, and soups; (2) packaged or bulk dry groceries, such as tea, coffee, cocoa, dried fruits, spices, sugar, flour, and crackers, and (3) other processed foods and nonedible grocery items. These establishments often also sell smoked and prepared meats, fresh fish and poultry, fresh vegetables and fruits, and fresh or frozen meats. Establishments commonly known as supermarkets, food stores, and delicatessens are included if receipts from sales of groceries and food items for off-premise preparation and consumption are 50 percent or more of total sales.

Automotive Dealers and Gasoline Service Stations (SIC Major Group 55)

This major group includes retail dealers selling new and used automobiles, boats, recreational vehicles and utility trailers, and motorcycles and mopeds; dealers selling new automobile parts and accessories, and gasoline service stations selling gasoline and lubricating oils. It includes establishments dealing exclusively in used automobiles, but not establishments dealing exclusively in used parts (SIC 5931). Also included are automobile repair shops maintained by establishments engaged in the sale of new

automobiles. Automotive distributors, the greater part of whose sales are to dealers or to institutional or industrial users, are classified in wholesale trade.

Gasoline service stations (SIC 554)—Establishments primarily selling gasoline and automotive lubricants. Usually these establishments also sell tires, batteries, and accessories, and perform minor repair work and services. Establishments called garages but deriving more than half of their receipts from the sale of gasoline and automotive lubricants are included.

Apparel and Accessory Stores (SIC Major Group 56)

This major group includes retail stores primarily engaged in selling clothing of all kinds and related articles for personal wear and adornment. Not included are establishments which meet the criteria for Department stores (SIC 531) or Miscellaneous general merchandise stores (SIC 539) even though most of their receipts are from the sale of apparel and apparel accessories.

Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores (SIC 561) — Establishments primarily selling men's and boys' ready-to-wear clothing and furnishings. Establishments are included in this category if (1) sales of all types of apparel (except as noted in the definition for general merchandise group stores) account for 50 percent or more of total sales and (2) receipts from sales of all men's and boys' apparel are three or more times the receipts from sales of all women's and girls' apparel.

Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers (SIC 562, 563, and 568)—Comprise the following industries:

Women's ready-to-wear stores (SIC 562)—Establishments primarily selling women's and girls' ready-to-wear apparel. Establishments are included in this category if (1) sales of all types of apparel (except as noted in the definition for general merchandise group stores) account for 50 percent or more of total sales, (2) sales of all women's and girls' apparel are three or more times the sales of all men's and boys' apparel, and (3) sales of dresses, skirts, slacks, coats, suits, and furs are two or more times greater than the sales of millinery, hosiery, underwear, blouses, handbags, and other apparel and accessories.

Women's specialty stores and furriers (SIC 563 and 568)—Establishments primarily selling a specialized line of women's and girls' apparel, such as sportswear, beachwear, blouses, hosiery, hats, foundation garments, lingerie, negligees, robes, and fur coats and other fur apparel.

Family clothing stores (SIC 565)—Establishments primarily selling clothing, furnishings, and accessories for men, women, and children, without specializing in any one line. Establishments are included in this category if (1) sales of all types of apparel (except as noted in the definition for general merchandise group stores) account for 50 percent or more of their total sales, (2) sales of all women's and girls' apparel items are not more than three times the sales of all men's and boys' apparel items, and (3) sales of men's and boys' apparel items are not more than three times the sales of all women's and girls' apparel items.

Shoe stores (SIC 566)—Establishments primarily selling shoes and other footwear. Accessories are frequently sold. Included are men's shoe stores, women's shoe stores, children's and juveniles' shoe stores, and family shoe stores.

Other apparel and accessory stores (SIC 564 and 569)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of specialized lines of apparel and accessories not elsewhere classified, such as uniforms, bathing suits, raincoats, riding apparel, sports apparel, umbrellas, wigs, and toupees. This classification also includes children's and infants' wear stores.

Furniture, Home Furnishings, and Equipment Stores (SIC Major Group 57)

This major group includes retail stores selling goods used for furnishing the home, such as furniture, floor coverings, draperies, glass and chinaware, domestic stoves, refrigerators, and household electrical and gas appliances. Establishments selling electrical and gas appliances are included in this group only if the major part of their sales consists of articles for home use. Dealers primarily engaged in selling antique and secondhand furniture are classified in SIC 5931. Stores primarily engaged in selling merchandise but also providing an interior decorating service are classified according to the merchandise handled. Interior designers primarily engaged in advising clients on the selection of interior decorations are classified in SIC 7399.

Furniture stores (SIC 5712)—Establishments primarily selling household furniture, beds, mattresses, springs, and other sleep equipment. Also included in this classification are establishments selling household appliances, phonographs, radios, television sets, and floor coverings provided the receipts from sales of furniture and sleep equipment exceed those from sales of other merchandise.

Home furnishing stores (SIC 5713, 5714, and 5719)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of home furnishings, such as china, glassware, and metalware for kitchen and table use, bedding and linen, brooms, brushes, lamps and shades, mirrors and pictures, venetian blinds, window shades, floor coverings and related products, draperies, curtains, slipcovers, and upholstery material.

Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores (SIC 572 and 573)—Comprise the following industries:

Household appliance stores (SIC 572)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of electric and gas refrigerators, stoves, and other household appliances such as electric irons, percolators, hot plates, and vacuum cleaners. Many such stores also sell radios and televison sets.

Radio and television stores (SIC 5732)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale and installation of radios, television sets, home computers and software, record players, and high fidelity (hi-fi) and sound reproducing equipment. Such establishments also may sell additional lines such as household appliances, musical instruments, or records. Radio and television repair shops are classified in SIC 7622.

Record shops (SIC 5733 pt.) — Establishments primarily selling phonograph records and albums. Related merchandise is also frequently sold in these stores.

Musical instrument stores (SIC 5733 pt.) — Establishments primarily selling musical instruments such as organs, pianos, horns, stringed instruments, and percussion instruments. Other musical supplies may also be sold in these stores.

Eating and Drinking Places (SIC Major Group 58)

This major group includes retail establishments selling prepared food and drinks for consumption on the premises; it also includes lunch counters and refreshment stands selling prepared foods and drinks for immediate consumption.

Eating places (SIC 5812)—Includes retail establishments which sell prepared foods and beverages for consumption on or near the premises. Included are restaurants and lunchrooms, social caterers, cafeterias, refreshment places, contract feeding locations, and ice cream and frozen custard stands.

Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) (SIC 5813)— Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of drinks such as beer, ale, wine, and liquor for consumption on the premises. The sale of food frequently accounts for a substantial portion of the receipts of these establishments.

Miscellaneous Retail Stores (SIC Major Group 59)

This major group includes retail establishments not elsewhere classified. These establishments fall into the following categories: Drug stores, liquor stores, used merchandise stores, miscellaneous shopping goods stores, nonstore retailers, fuel and ice dealers, florists, cigar stores and stands, news dealers and newsstands, and miscellaneous retail stores not elsewhere classified.

Drug and proprietary stores (SIC 591)—Drug stores are establishments engaged in the retail sale of prescription drugs and patent medicines. They may carry a number of related lines, such as cosmetics, toiletries, tobacco, and novelty merchandise, and may operate a soda fountain or lunch counter. These stores are classified on the basis of their usual trade designation rather than on a strict interpretation of commodities handled.

Proprietary stores are establishments generally selling the same merchandise as drug stores, except that prescriptions are not filled and sold.

Liquor stores (SIC 592)—Establishments primarily selling packaged alcoholic beverages such as ale, beer, wine, and liquor for consumption off the premises. Liquor stores operated by States, counties, and municipalities are included.

Miscellaneous shopping goods stores (SIC 594)—Comprise the following industries:

General line sporting goods stores (SIC 5941 pt.)— Establishments primarily selling a general line of sporting goods and equipment for hunting, camping, fishing, skiing, riding, tennis, golf, and other sports; and gymnasium and playground equipment.

Specialty line sporting goods stores (SIC 5941 pt.) — Establishments specializing in a maximum of four lines of sporting goods and equipment such as guns, bicycles, trophies, skiing, golfing, bowling, and billiards equipment.

Book stores (SIC 5942) — Establishments primarily selling new books and periodicals. Stationery and related items may also be sold. Book clubs (not engaged in publishing) primarily selling new books through the mail are included in mail order houses (SIC 5961).

Stationery stores (SIC 5943)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of stationery such as paper and paper products (including printing and engraving), post cards, novelties, and school and office supplies. Stores specializing in the sale of artists' supplies are classified in SIC 5999.

Jewelry stores (SIC 5944)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of any combination of the lines of jewelry, such as diamonds and other precious stones; rings, bracelets, and brooches; sterling and plated silverware; and watches and clocks. Stores primarily engaged in watch and jewelry repair are classified in SIC 7631.

Hobby, toy, and game shops (SIC 5945)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of toys, games, and hobby

kits and supplies. Establishments primarily engaged in selling artists' supplies or collectors' items, such as coins, stamps, and autographs, are classified in SIC 5999.

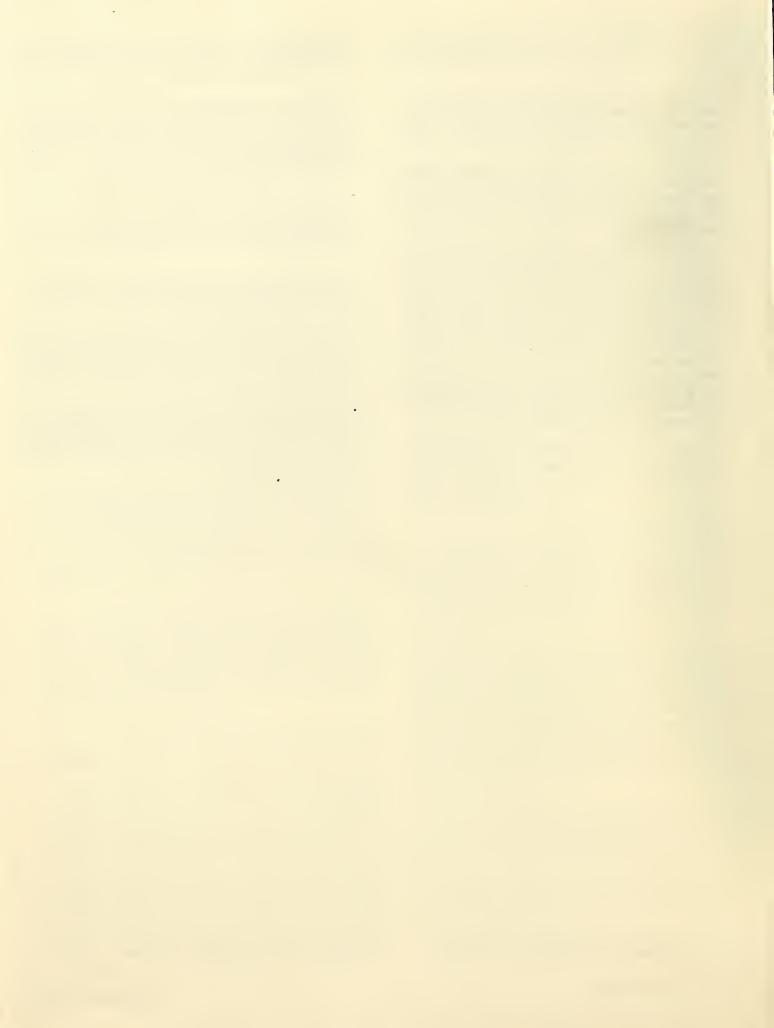
Camera and photographic supply stores (SIC 5946) — Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of cameras, film, and other photographic supplies and equipment. Establishments primarily engaged in finishing films are classified in SIC 7395.

Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops (SIC 5947)— Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of combined lines of gifts and novelty merchandise, souvenirs, and miscellaneous small art goods such as greeting cards and holiday decorations.

Luggage and leather goods stores (SIC 5948)— Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of luggage, trunks, and leather goods.

Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores (SIC 5949)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of sewing supplies, fabrics, patterns, and other needlework accessories.

Florists (SIC 5992) — Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of cut flowers and growing plants. Stores primarily engaged in selling seeds, bulbs, and nursery stock are classified in SIC 5261, and greenhouses and nurseries primarily engaged in growing, in SIC 0181.



APPENDIX B. General Questions



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1982 CENSUS OF RETAIL TRADE

OF THE CES		О.М.В.	APPROVAL NO. 0607	-0371: EXPIR	ES 12/84
TICE - Response to this inquiry is required by (title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law, your ort to the Census Bureau is confidential. It may		pertaining to this report, Census File Number (CFN)	Employer identific Number		
seen only by sworn Census employees and may used only for statistical purposes. The law o provides that copies retained in your files Immune from legal process.	_			CB-5801	
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street				'	
TURN TO Jeffersonville, Indiana 47134 E DATE: FEBRUARY 15, 1983					
ou cannot file by the due date, a time extension					
uest should be sent to the above address; please lude your 11-digit Census File Number (CFN).					
Ot8 — Please read the accompanying instructions before answering the questions.	L			٦	
	Please correct error	rs in name, address, and ZIP co	ode. ENTER street and	f number if not	shown.
tem 1 - EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER s the Employer Identification (EI) Number shown	in the label the SAME	Item 4 - ORGANIZATION	IAL STATUS - Mark (X his establishment during		which
s that used for this establishment on its latest 19 Quarterly Federal Tax Return, Treasury Form 941?	182 Employer's	003 1 Individual		y 1902.	
	(9 digits)	2 [] Partnersh			
NO - Enter current			e association (taxable)		
tem 2 – PHYSICAL LOCATION OF ESTABLISHM	IENT		e association (tax-exemit – Specify	npt)	
Answer items a. b, c, and d ### Answer items a. b, c, and d ##################################		o Corporatio	n (Do not mark if any fo tive association.)	rm	
. [] Same as shown in mailing label. If differe		9 Other - Sp	ecify		
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o. Is this establishment physically located inside of the city, town, village, etc.?	the legal boundaries	Item 5 - DOLLAR VOLUM		Mil. Thou	628 Dol.
44.	No legal boundaries	114 1362		010	
2 NO 4 Type of municipality where physically located	Don't know	Sales of merchandise and operating receipts EXCLU sales (or other) taxes coll-	DING		
2 Town or township	Other or don't know	Item 6 - PAYROLL AND		Mil. Thou	Dol.
Name of county where physically located		a. Payroll in 1982, before		1	1
tem 3 - OPERATIONAL STATUS	Number of months	(1) Total ANNUAL pay	011	031	-
	002	(2) FIRST QUARTER p	ayroll	i	
How many months during 1982 did this firm or organization actively operate		b. Employment in 1982		Numbe	er
this establishment? Mark (X) the ONE box which best describes the at the end of 1982.	s establishment	Number of paid employe period including March both full- and part-time	12, 1982. (Include	032	
oo 1 1 [] In operation	_				
Temporarily or seasonally inactive	Figures only Month Day Year				
3 Ceased operation — Give date					
Sold or leased to another operator — Give date at right — AND enter name, etc., below,		Item 9 - KIND OF BUSING describes the PRINCIPAL	SS - Mark (X) the ONE kind of business of thi	box which bes	st t in 1982
NAME OF NEW OWNER OR OPERATOR		1	propriate to individ		
NUMBER AND STREET					
NUMBER AND STREET	ZIP CODE				_

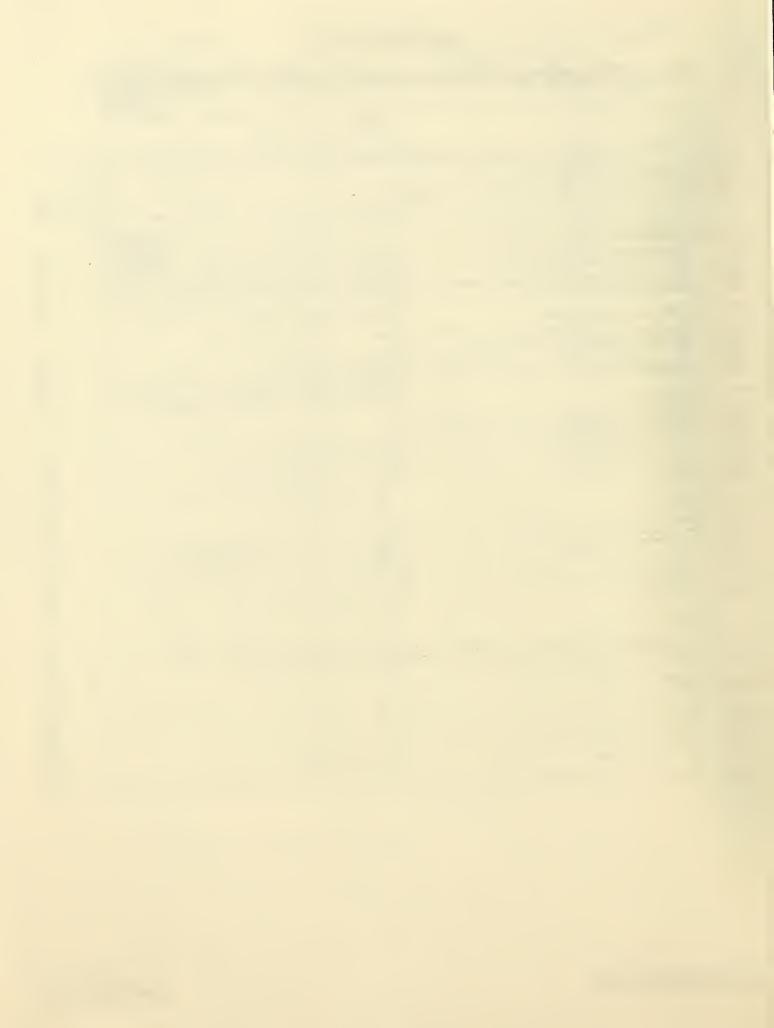
							_					1 age 2	
Item 11 - MERCHANDISE LINES								e How many establishments were annual			Numb	er	
Report sales	Report sales either in dollar figures (see example on page 1), or as a						c. How many establishments were operated under the EI Number shown in the address label (or as						
percent (in w	percent (in whole percents) of total sales (see example below).						corrected in item 1) at the end of 1982?						
	If figure is 38.76% of Per-						1	If more than one, provide the physica	Llocatio	n addrer	s and at	hor	
HOW TO	total sales:		Mil.	Thou.	Doi.	cent		information indicated below for each	establish	ment. C	S and of	with	
REPORT	• Report whole per	cents				39	same format in item 14 (or attach a separate sheet) if necessary.						
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owned or controlled by another company?				PANY	7		Sales		1 1				
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other company or companies?									Sales	082	1		
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APPENDIX C.

Kind-of-Business Titles and Reporting-Form Numbers

Listed below are retail kind-of-business titles and their corresponding reporting-form numbers. Requests for copies of any of these forms, including theinquiries used to classify establishments by kind of business, should be directed to the Business Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

SIC code	Title	Reporting form CB-	SIC code	Title	Reporting form CB-
52	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, GARDEN SUPPLY, AND MOBILE HOME DEALERS		57	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES	
	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF		5712	Furniture stores	5701
5211	Lumber and other building materials dealers	5201	5713	Floor covering stores	5704
5231	Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores	5202		Drapery, curtain, and upholstery stores	5705
5251	Hardware stores	5203	5719	Miscellaneous home furnishing stores	5705
5261	Retail nurseries, lawn and garden supply stores	5204	5722	Household appliance stores	5702
5271	Mobile home dealers	5205	5732	Radio and television stores	5702
53	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES		5733 pt. 5733 pt.	Record shops	5703 5703
5311 pt.	Conventional department stores	5301	58	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	
5311 pt.	Discount or mass merchandising department stores	5301	5012		5003
5311 pt.	National chain department stores	5301	5812 pt.	Restaurants and lunchrooms	5801 5801
5331	Variety stores	5302	5812 pt.	Cafeterias.	5801
5399	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	5301	5812 pt.	Refreshment places	5801
			5812 pt.	Contract feeding	5802
54	FOOD STORES		5812 pt.	Ice cream, frozen custard stands	5801
34	FOOD STOKES	1	5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages)	5801
5411	Grocery stores	5400			3001
5423	Meat and fish (seafood) markets	5400	59	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES	
5431	Fruit stores and vegetable markets	5400			
5441	Candy, nut, and confectionery stores	5400	5912 pt.	Drug stores	5901
5451	Dairy products stores	5400	5912 pt.	Proprietary stores	5901
5462	Retail bakeriesbaking and selling	5400	5921	Liquor stores	5902
5463	Retail bakeriesselling only	5400	5931	Used merchandise stores	5903
5499	Miscellaneous food stores	5400	5941 pt.	General line sporting goods stores	5904
			5941 pt.	Specialty line sporting goods stores	5904
55	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS AND GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS		5942	Book stores	5905
			5943 5944	Stationery stores	5905
5511	Motor vehicle dealers new and used cars	5501	1	Jewelry stores	5906
5521	Motor vehicle dealersused cars only	5501	5945	Hobby, toy, and game shops	5907
5531 pt.	Tire, battery, and accessory dealers	5502	5946	Camera and photographic supply stores	5908
5531 pt.	Other auto and home supply stores	5502	5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	5905
5541	Gasoline service stations	5504	5948	Luggage and leather goods stores	5905
5551	Boat dealers	5503	5949	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	5909
5561	Recreational and utility trailer dealers	5503	5961 pt.	Department store merchandisemail order	5910
5571	Motorcycle dealers	5503	5961 pt.	General merchandise, n.e.cmail order	5910
5599	Automotive dealers, n.e.c	5503	5961 pt.	Other mail-order houses	5910
54			5962	Automatic merchandising machine operators	5802
56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES		5963 pt.	Furniture, home furnishings, equipmentdirect	
5611	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	5601	Jan 100 pc.	selling	5910
56 21	Women's ready-to-wear stores	5601	5963 pt.	Mobile food servicedirect selling	5910
5631	Women's accessory and specialty stores	5601	5963 pt.	Books and stationerydirect selling	5910
	The state of the s		5963 pt.	Other direct selling	5910
5641	Children's and infants' wear stores	5601			5011
5651	Family clothing stores	5601	5982	Fuel and ice dealers, n.e.c	5911 5911
			5983	Fuel oil dealers	5911
5661 pt.	Men's shoe stores	5602	5984	Liquefied petroleum gas (bottled gas) dealers	
5661 pt.	Women's shoe stores	5602	5992	Florists	5912
5661 pt.	Children's and juveniles' shoe stores	5602	5993	Cigar stores and stands	5902
5661 pt.	Family shoe stores	5602	5994	News dealers and newsstands	5902
			5999 pt.	Optical goods stores	5913
5681	Furriers and fur shops	5601		Pet shops	5914
			5999 pt.	Typewriter stores	5905
5699	Miscellaneous apparel and accessory stores	5601		Other retail stores, n.e.c	5916



APPENDIX D. Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

[Titles and definitions shown for SMSA's are those established by the Office of Management and Budget, as of January 1982]

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

SMSA and definition

Enid, Okia. Garfield County, Okla.

Fort Smith, Ark.-Okla,
Crawford County, Ark.
Sebastian County, Ark.
Le Flore County, Okla.
Sequoyah County, Okla.

Lawton, Okla. Comanche County, Okla.

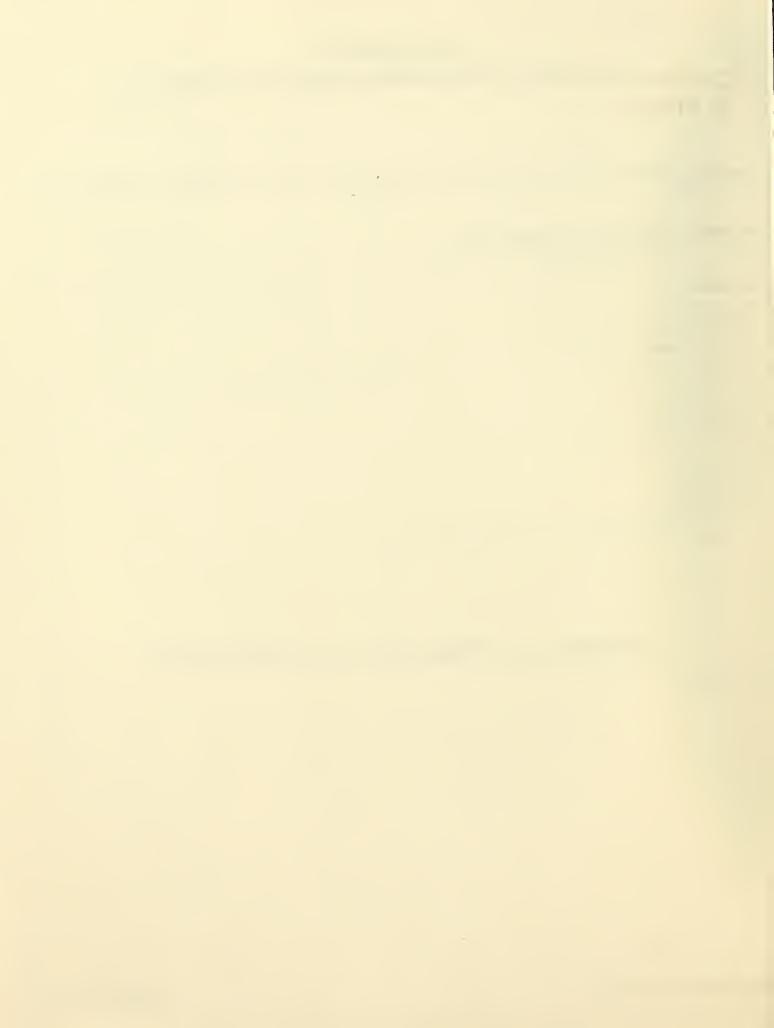
Oklahoma City, Okla.
Canadian County, Okla.
Cleveland County, Okla.
McClain County, Okla.
Oklahoma County, Okla.
Pottawatomie County, Okla.

Tulea, Okla.
Creek County, Okla.
Mayes County, Okla.
Osage County, Okla.
Rogers County, Okla.
Tulsa County, Okla.
Wassers County, Okla. Wagoner County, Okla.

APPENDIX E, APPENDIX F, and APPENDIX G

[Not applicable]

 $^{^1}$ New SMSA since 1977 Economic Censuses. 2 MRC data for this SMSA appear only in State report for State in which this SMSA is primarily located.



APPENDIX H.

Comparative Sales Statistics for Central Business Districts in Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1982 and 1977

	1982	sales		
Geographic area	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	1977 sales (\$1,000)	Percent change in sales, 1977 to 1982, unadjusted
ENID SMSA				
Enid CBD	157 294	138 499	(NA)	(NA)
LAWTON SMSA				
Lawton CBD	71 073	71 025	46 166	53.8
OKLAHOMA CITY SMSA				
Oklahoma City CBD	344 063 48 386	318 997 46 769	181 735 30 412	75.5 53.8
TULSA SMSA				
Tulsa CBD	158 669	150 055	126 161	18.9



APPENDIX I. Boundary Descriptions for Central Business Districts and Major Retail Centers

ENID, OKLA., SMSA

Enid CBD—Includes the area bounded by Willow Rd., CRI RR., Owen and Garriot Rd., and Van Buren St. (Entire tract 1)

LAWTON, OKLA., SMSA

Lawton CBD—Includes the area bounded by Gore Blvd., CRI & P RR., SL & SF RR. and 11th St. (Entire tract 12)

MRC No. 1—Includes the planned center known as "Sheridan Mall" and establishments on W. Gore Blvd. from SW. 20th St. to SW. 25th St., and on SW. Sheridan Rd. from NW. Bell Ave. to SW. "B" Ave. (Lawton) (In tracts 7, 10, 13, and 14)

MRC No. 2—Includes the planned centers known as "Cache Road Square," "K-Mart Shopping Center," and "Gibson's Shopping Center" and establishments on NW. Cache Rd. from NW. 50th St. ext. to NW. 38th St. and on NW. 38th St. from Baltimore St. to NW. 40th St. (Lawton) (In tract 3)

MRC No. 4—Includes the planned centers known as "Regency Square Shopping Center" and "Townwest Shopping Center" and establishments on NW. Cache Rd. from west property line of Townwest Shopping Center to U.S. Hwy. 62, on NW. 52nd St. from Wilfred Dr. to Cache Rd., and on NW. 53rd St. from Cache Rd. to Oak St. (Lawton) (In tracts 3 and 4)

MRC No. 5—Includes the planned centers known as "Willowpark Shopping Center," and "Mark's Corner Shopping Center," and establishments on NW. Cache Rd. from 75th St. to Horton Blvd. (Lawton) (In tract 4)

OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA., SMSA

Oklahoma City CBD—Includes the area bounded by 13th St., Robinson Ave., 10th St., AT & SF RR., boundary of park ext., North Canadian River, and Western Ave. (Entire tracts 1025, 1031.01, 1031.02, 1032, 1036.01, 1036.02, and 1037)

Norman CBD—Includes the area bounded by Daws St., Porter Ave., Symmes St., and University Blvd. (Entire tract 2001)

MRC No. 1—Includes the planned center known as "Crossroads Mall" and establishments in the area bounded by SE. 66th St., AT & SF RR., Interstate 240 and Interstate 35, and on the north side of SE. 66th St. (Oklahoma City) (In tract 1073.03)

MRC No. 2—Includes the planned centers known as "French Market Mall," and "Grandview Shopping Center" and establishments on N. May Ave. from NW. 66th St. to NW. 62nd St. and on NW. 63rd St. from N. May St. to Hunting Hill Ln. (Oklahoma City) (In tracts 1064.02, 1065.01, 1066.09, and 1066.10)

OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA., SMSA-Con.

MRC No. 3—Includes the planned center known as "Reding Shopping Center" and establishments on S. Western Ave. from SW. 39th St. to SW. 47th St., and on SW. 44th St. from S. Klein Ave. to S. Olie Ave. (Oklahoma City) (In tracts 1050, 1072.18, and 1072.23)

MRC No. 4—Includes the planned centers known as "Penn Square," "North Penn Plaza," and "50 Penn Place" and establishments on NW. Exwy. from Barnes Ave. to Interstate 240 and on N. Pennsylvania Ave. from Mattern Dr. to NW. 56th St. (Oklahoma City) (In tracts 1065.01 and 1065.03)

MRC No. 5—Includes the planned center known as "Shepherd Mall" and establishments on NW. 23rd St. from N. Linn Ave. to N. Virginia Ave., on N. Pennsylvania Ave. from NW. 25th St. to NW. 22nd St., and on N. Villa Ave. from NW. 30th St. to Aurora Ct. (Oklahoma City) (In tracts 1002, 1009, 1010, 1019, and 1020)

MRC No. 6—Includes the planned centers known as "Heritage Park Mall" and "Town & Country Shopping Center" and establishments on Air Depot Rd. from Meadow Ln. to SE. 2nd St., and on Reno Ave. from Char Ln. to Marlow St. (Midwest City) (In tracts 1077.05, 1080.06, and 1080.07)

MRC No. 7—Includes the planned center known as "Mayfair Shopping Center" and establishments on N. May Ave. from NW. Exwy. to Nimitz Blvd., and on NW. 50th St. from N. Brookline Ave. to N. Steanson Dr. (Oklahoma City) (In tracts 1065.02, 1066.01, and 1066.04)

MRC No. 8—Includes the planned center known as "Southern Hills Shopping Center" and establishments on SW. 74th St. from S. Indiana Ave. to S. Youngs Blvd. ext., on S. Pennsylvania Ave. from SW. 72nd St. to SW. 76th St., and on S. Indiana Ave. from SW. 74th St. to SW. 76th Ter. (Oklahoma City) (In tracts 1072.06, 1072.11, and 1072.14)

MRC No. 9—Includes the planned center known as "Quail Springs Mall," bounded by north property line of mall, Pennsylvania Ave., Memorial Rd., and May Ave. (Oklahoma City) (In tract 1083.05)

TULSA, OKLA., SMSA

Tulsa CBD—Includes the area bounded by Inner Dispersal Loop (Interstate 244), Inner Dispersal Loop (U.S. Hwy. 75), 9th St., MV RR., 13th Pl., Boston Ave., Inner Dispersal Loop (U.S. Hwy. 64 and State Hwy. 51) and Inner Dispersal Loop (U.S. Hwy. 75 and Interstate 244). (Entire tract 25)

TULSA, OKLA., SMSA-Con.

MRC No. 1-Includes the planned centers known as "Southroads Mall," 'Southland Shopping Center," 'Highland Plaza," and "The Annex," and establishments in the area bounded by the northern property line of Southroads Mall and Highland Plaza, Hudson Ave., Darlington Ave., E. 43rd St., S. Yale Ave., E. 41st St., the western property line of shopping center, E. 40th St., and S. Yale Ave. (Tulsa) (In tracts 40, 70, and 86)

MRC No. 2-Includes the planned centers known as "Mayo Meadow Shopping Center" and "1700 Yale Mall" and establishments on S. Yale Ave. from E. 15th St. to E. 22nd St., and on E. 21st St. from S. Vandalia Ave. to the eastern property line of Sears. (Tulsa) (In tracts 38 and 39)

MRC No. 3-Includes the planned centers known as "Woodland Hills Mall," "Woodland Corner Shopping Center," "Crossing Oaks Center," "Centre 71," and "Centre 71 Annex" and establishments on S. Memorial Dr. from E. 66th St. S. to E. 74th Pl., on E. 68th St. S. from S. Memorial Dr. to S. 85th E. Ave., on E. 71st St. from address 7825 to 8520, and on E. 73rd St. S. from S. Memorial Dr. to S. 85th E. Ave. (Tulsa) (In tracts 76.04 and 76.05)

TULSA, OKLA., SMSA-Con.

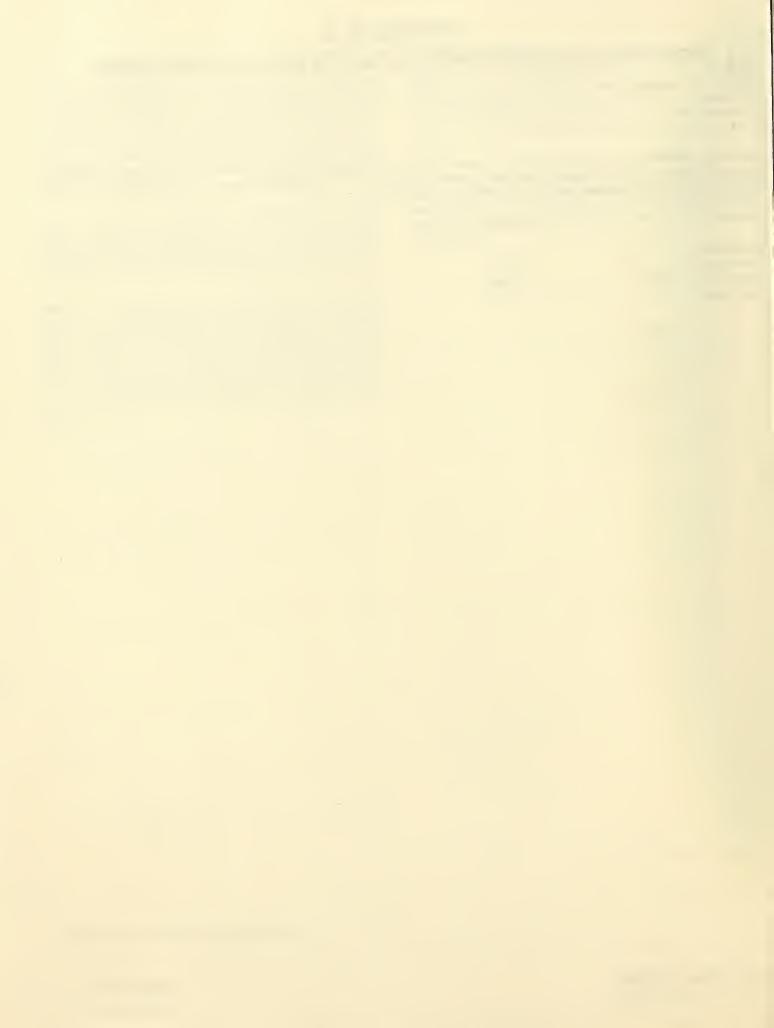
MRC No. 4—Includes the planned center known as "Tri-Center Shopping Center," and establishments in the area bounded by E. 25th Pl. S., property line, the northern line of Davids, the eastern property line of Davids, E. 27th St. S., north side of E. Skelly Dr., and east side of S. Memorial Dr. (Tulsa) (In tract 85.01)

MRC No. 5—Includes the planned centers known as "Crosstown Shopping Center" and "Meadowood Shopping Center" and establishments on E. Admiral Pl. from 91st E. Ave. to the eastern property line of Crosstown Shopping Center. (Tulsa) (In tracts 59 and 83)

APPENDIX J. Major Retall Center Delineation by Geographic Areas

[Delineation identification symbols: "CSAC"—delineated by Census Statistical Areas Committee, "L"—delineated by other local organization, "N"—no delineation since area had no MRC's in 1982, "NP"—nonparticipating area (no MRC delineation participation could be obtained). For definition of each SMSA, see appendix D]

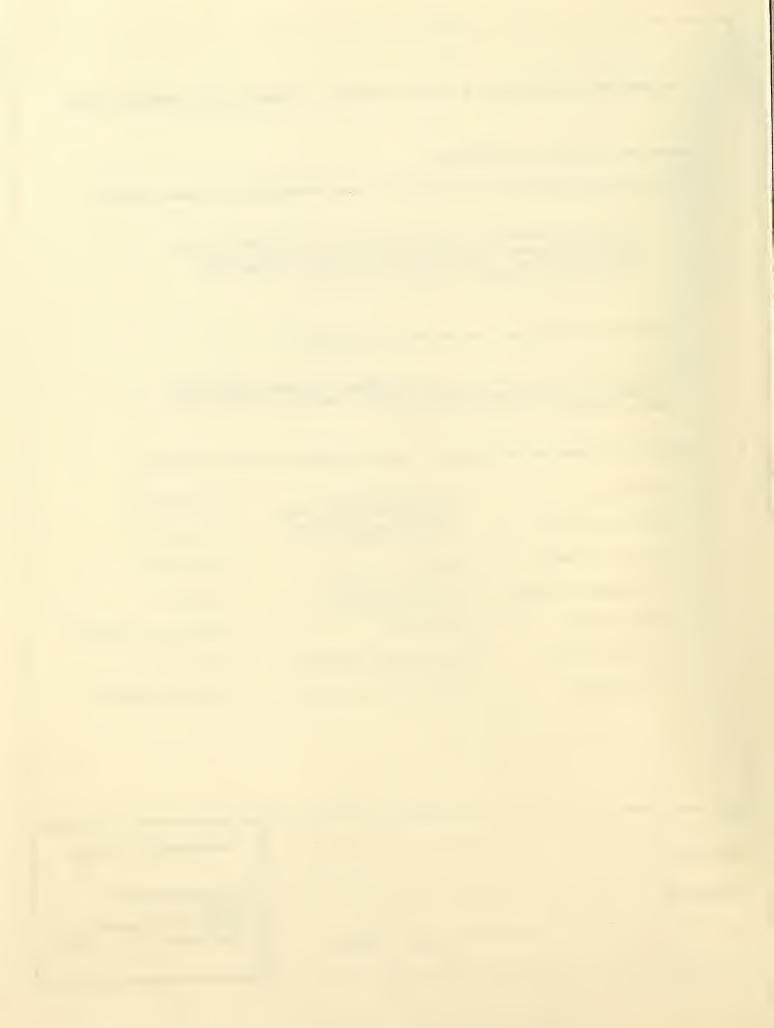
AREA	MRC DELINEATOR
Enid SMSA	N
Lawton SMSA	CSAC
Oklahoma City SMSA	CSAC
Tulsa SMSA	CSAC



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Publications of the 1982 Census of Retail Trade, containing data on retail establishments in the United States, are described below. Publications order forms for the specific reports may be obtained from any Department of Commerce district office or from Data User Services Division, Customer Services (Publications), Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. The first results were issued in preliminary reports. Final detailed statistics are issued in separate paperbound reports, which subsequently are assembled and reissued in clothbound volumes.

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Major retail center series - 51 reports (RC82-C-1 to -51)

A separate report is being issued for each State and the District of Columbia. Each report presents statistics for retail establishments with payroll by varied kind-of-business detail on number, sales, payroll, and employment. In addition, data for all establishments are presented on number and sales only for total retail trade.

Data are shown for each SMSA in the State, each central city and all other SMSA cities of 50,000 inhabitants or more, each central business district (CBD), and all other major retail centers (MRC's) in the SMSA.

Descriptions of the boundaries of each CBD and MRC also are included.

Industry series-56 reports (RC82-I-1, 2, 3 (1 to 53), and 4)

The first report (RC82-I-1) presents data based on size of establishment, size of company or firm (firm size is based on all establishments operated by a firm within the same kind of business or kind-of-business group for which data are presented), and legal form of organization. Establishment statistics are presented by sales size and by employment size; statistics for firms, by sales size (including concentration by largest firms), by employment size, and by number of establishments operated (single units and multiunits). Statistics are presented for establishments with payroll by kind of business on the number of establishments, sales, payroll, and employment for the United States and, for all establishments, only for total retail trade.

A report (RC82-I-2) on measures of value produced, capital expenditures, depreciable assets, and operating expenses presents data for retail

firms with payroll for the United States by major kinds of business. Data also are provided on sales, purchases, and beginning and ending inventories. Measures of value produced include gross margin, value added, and net income produced at market prices and factor costs. Operating expenses include annual payroll, supplemental labor costs, purchased services, etc.

The merchandise line sales series (RC82-I-3 (1 to 53)) presents data on major categories of merchandise sold by retail kinds of business for each State and the District of Columbia, each SMSA, and the United States as a whole. Data for States and most SMSA's will be available on microfiche only. Tables present data for establishments with payroll for each kind of business and show, for each merchandise line, the number of establishments handling the line and their sales of the line; the percentage of total sales of the kind of business accounted for by each of the lines carried; and, for establishments actually handling a specific line, the percentage of their total sales represented by sales of that line. Summary statistics also are provided for the 34 broad merchandise line categories, including counts of establishments and the amount and percent of the line sold by various kinds of retail businesses.

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